

Youth Entrepreneurship Policy Academy



Workshop #1: Access to finance

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Who are young entrepreneurs?

Policy:

- > 15-29 years old (Youth Guarantee, Youth Employment Initiative);
- > Programmes vary across countries.

Statistics:

- > 15-29 years old (new Eurostat Youth Portal);
- > 20-29 years old (OECD-EU Missing Entrepreneurs work).



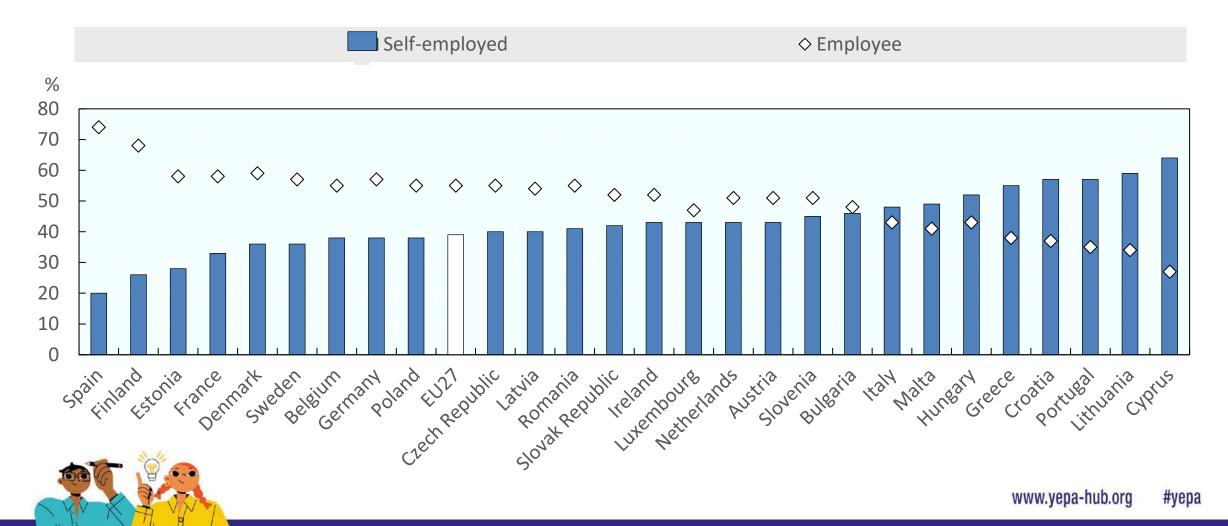








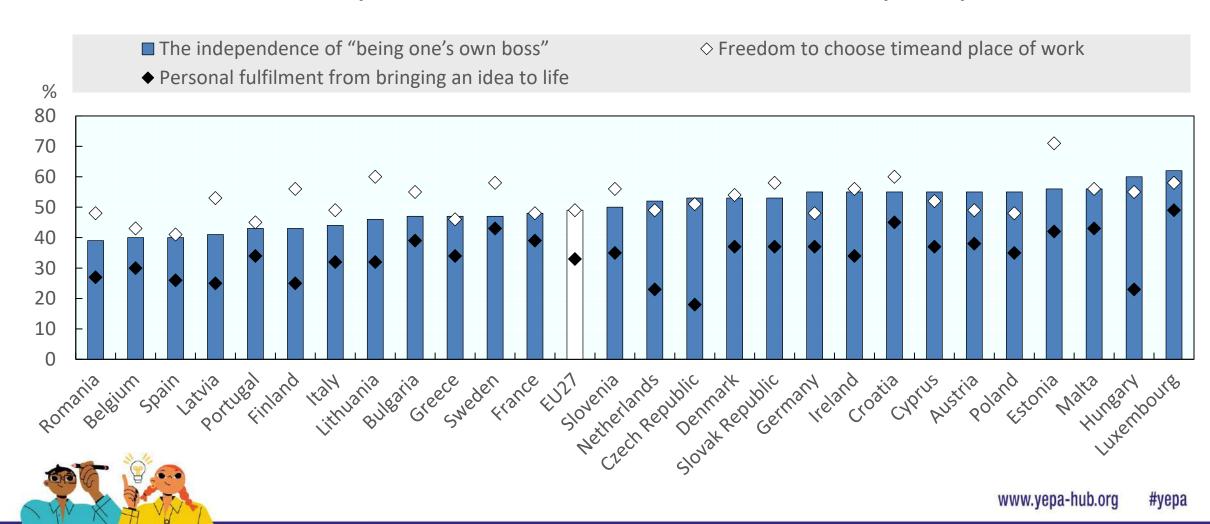
Preference for self-employment







Reasons for preference for self-employment

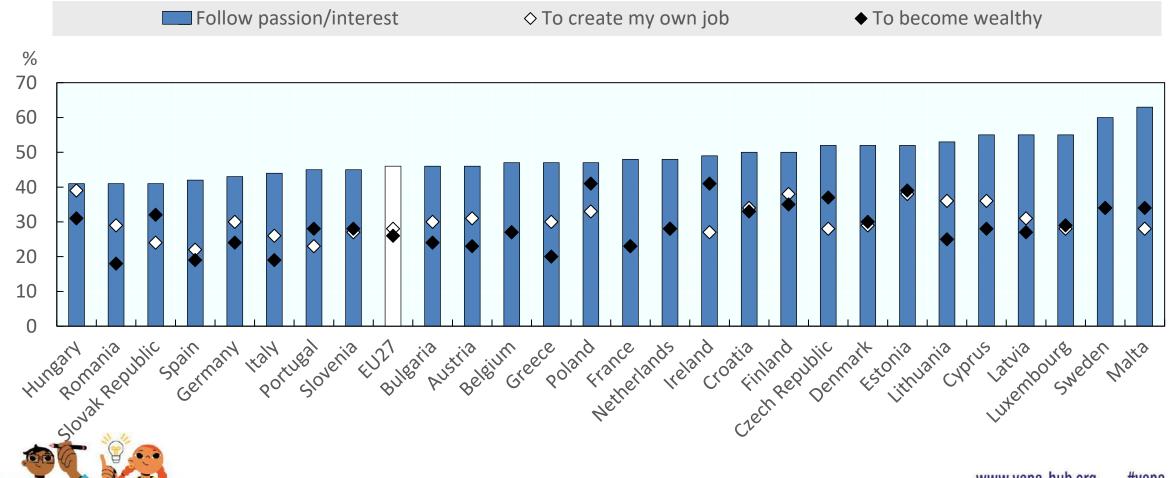








Objectives for setting up a business



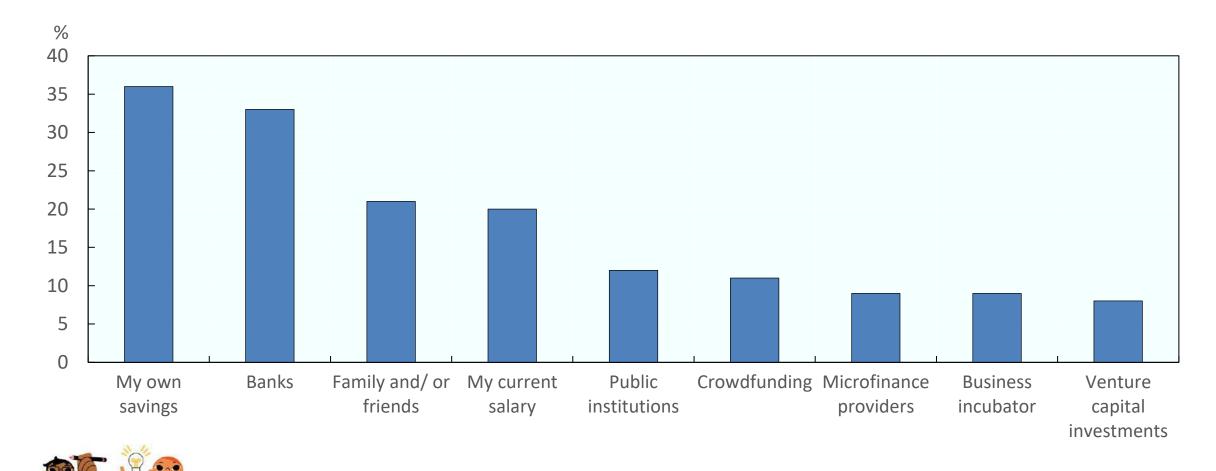
www.yepa-hub.org







Sources of start-up funding (EU)



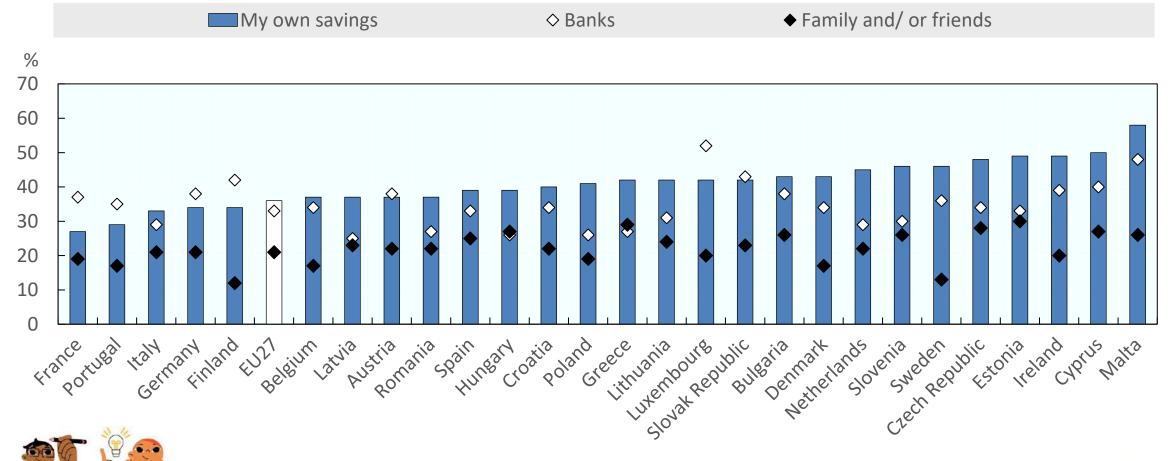
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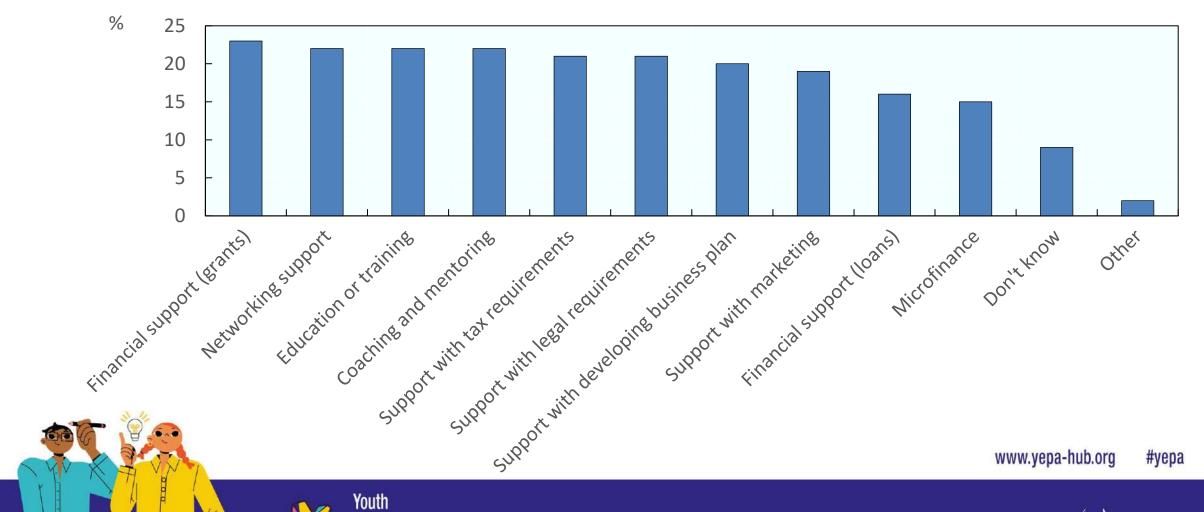






Support needed if setting up a business

Entrepreneurship Policy Academy







Why do young entrepreneurs face challenges?

> Demand-side barriers:

- Skills gaps
- Smaller and less diverse networks
- Lack of collateral and financial history
- Little experience seeking start-up finance

> Supply-side barriers:

- Difficulty to assess risk
- Transaction costs are higher in small loans and investments
- > Investor bias
- Suitability of financial instruments









What are governments doing?

- Grants and income subsidies
- Soft loans
- Loan guarantees
- Microfinance
- Alternative debt finance
- Crowdfunding & peer-to-peer lending
- Business angel networks
- Self-financing groups
- Risk capital



- Non-financial supports
 - > Integrated packages
 - > Sequenced packages













Thank you!

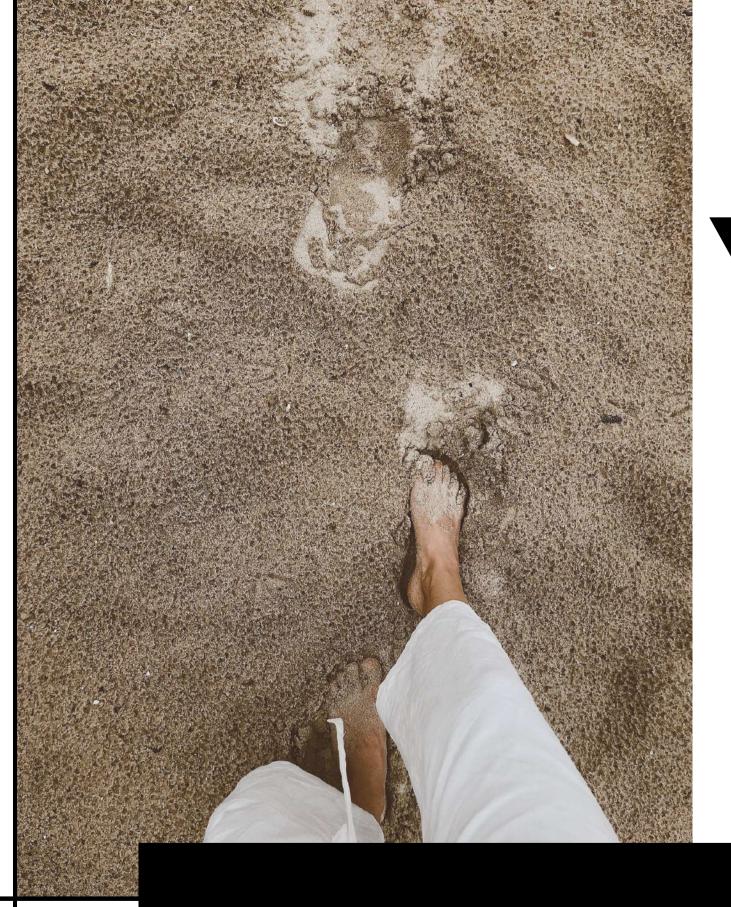
Any questions?











YES STAR









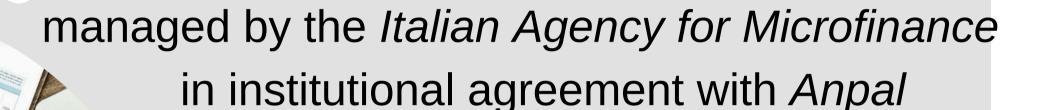






YES ISTART

Business Management Education and Training project



aimed at promoting self-employment and self-entrepreneurship among young people through a specific program which includes both theoretical training and tutoring.

WHAT

HOW

WHO

Launched on 18 April 2018, the project offers free training courses designed to convey all the skills that are necessary to realize an entrepreneurial idea.

This includes useful information to create an effective business plan and to prepare the required documentation to request a loan and start up their own business.

These training courses are aimed at NEETs, young people between 18 and 29 who do not work and do not study, nor are they in professional training, but who have an idea to develop and the will to work hard towards their goal

YES I START UP & SELFIEMPLOYMENT

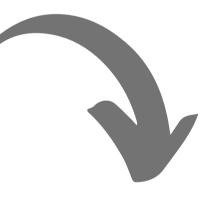
Yes I Start Up provides targeted training courses and personalized accompaniment, with classrooms of at least 4 students and a maximum of 12, lasting a total of 80 hours (60 in the classroom and 20 for personalized tutoring).

The project is aimed at accessing the **SELFIEmployment** measure, managed by Invitalia, which finances projects ranging from 5,000 to 50,000 euros with zero-interest loans, without the need for collateral and / or other subsidy measures.

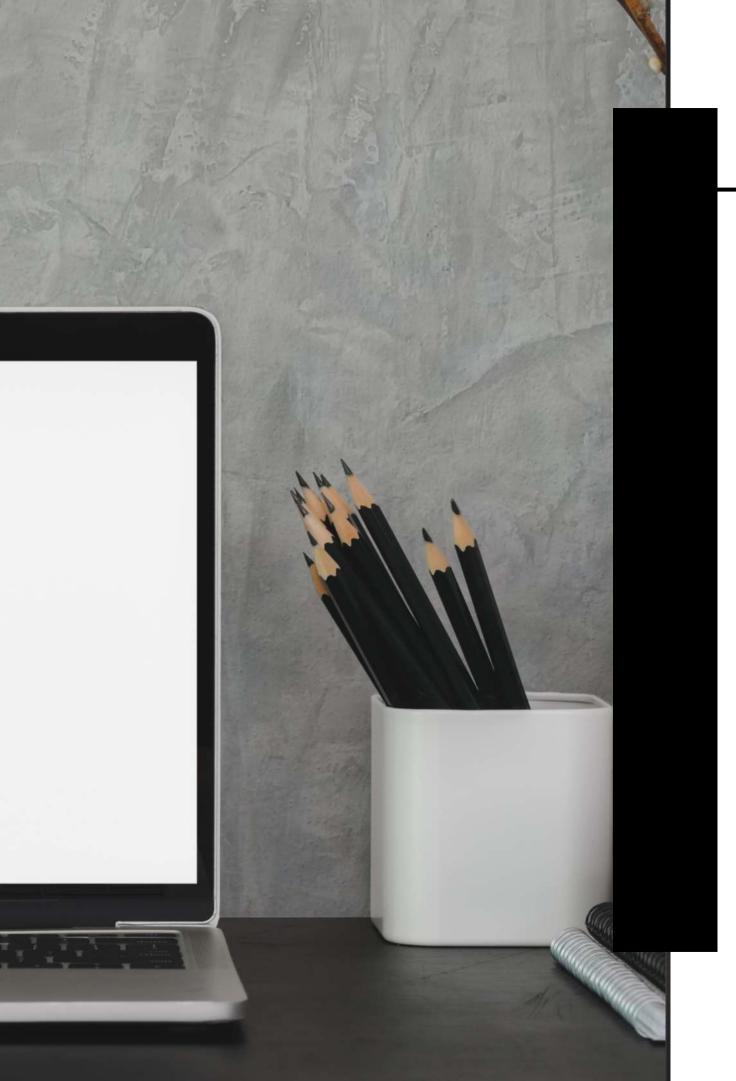
A SUCCESSFUL MODEL

The strength of this measure is the management model, based on a public-private partnership network composed of different subjects specialized in training:

- training institutions and bodies,
- companies,
- associations,
- chambers of commerce,
- professional offices.



The **recruitment and involvement** of NEETs in the training courses is being carried out throughout the country by **500** training bodies, which are essential for the identification of this specific category of subjects on the territory.



EVOLUTION OF THE MODEL

The health emergency has created the need for an immediate response and the implementation of tools to support economic recovery.



To this end, YES I START UP has evolved, adapting to the new conditions through a unique remote training program, thanks to which NEETs were able to keep training in elearning mode and contribute to the national recovery through the development of their business ideas.

HOW DO WE GUARANTEE THE RESULTS?



CAREFUL SELECTION OF THE TRAINING STRUCTURES

2

STANDARDIZATION AND UNIFORMITY OF TRAINING



CONSTANT MONITORING

CAREFUL SELECTION OF THE TRAINING STRUCTURES

In order to become part of the partnership network and therefore deliver the courses, each training structure must demonstrate that they have

- experience and skills in the field of training
- support for business creation,
- suitable and equipped classrooms
- qualified teachers.





STANDARDIZATION AND UNIFORMITY OF TRAINING

To ensure the effectiveness of the courses, the teachers are first uniformly trained throughout the national territory through webinars and meetings, then equipped with modules and slides to follow for each day of class.

Thus the standardization of the paths is ensured, so that each NEET receives the same level of education regardless of the geographical area or the teacher.

CONSTANT MONITORING

A monitoring platform allows the evaluation of the output, highlighting the performance of the training bodies and thus allowing them to intervene in critical situations in order to maintain a high level of qualitative supply



In the first phase 2018-2020,

Yes I Start Up has achieved excellent

results

TRAINED NEETs

ACTIVE TRAINING STRUCTURES

CLASSROOMS

TEACHERS

COMPLETED COURSES

COURSES COMPLETED
THROUGH ONLINE DISTANCE
LEARNING

97,2%

survival of businesses funded through Selfiemployment

586

funding applications submitted

TAKE HOME

The project has been recognized as an Italian good practice to help vulnerable groups to create new businesses.

- The network model allows you to quickly involve the territory and reach the most difficult targets, so much that it was extended to two new target groups: women and long-term unemployed
- It is the only PA project to have developed a synchronous learning platform, completed by management and reporting software that allows smart working and monitoring
- All the procedures have been simplified and streamlined, the training courses are carried out in 35 days and in 15 the reporting and reimbursement of the individual courses is completed. All online and without paper, with secure login credentials.
- The model can be extended to support born businesses, to ensure their survival and growth in response to the Covid 19 crisis

ANY QUESTIONS?



Supporting Crowdfunding to support young entrepreneurs



inspiring tomorrow's finance

Overview

Introduction: EUROCROWD <u>Tackling common misconceptions on crowdfunding</u>

- Lack of in-depth knowledge about crowdfunding
- Administrative complexity
- Legal fragmentation
- Reputational concerns

Examples and case studies

Q&A



European Crowdfunding Network - EUROCROWD

- Promotes transparency, (self-) regulation and governance of the crowdfunding and alternative finance industry since 2013
- Aims at increasing the understanding of crowdfunding and alternative finance as key support for entrepreneurship and active citizenship
- Promotes crowdfunding as a viable offering of job creation, social innovation and boost to entrepreneurship to the European public, policy makers and stakeholders
- Providing resources, professional support and a forum for collaborative action regarding crowdfunding
- Create and influence the political discourse regarding crowdfunding within EU Member states and regions







Policy

- Ongoing dialogue with EU insitutions
- Joint statements with fellow trade bodies

Advisory

- Market studies
- EC research projects
- Consulting services for regional and local authorities
- Coaching and mentoring for start-ups and SMEs

Education

- Publications
- Events
- 2 annual conferences
- Seminars, webinars and workshops

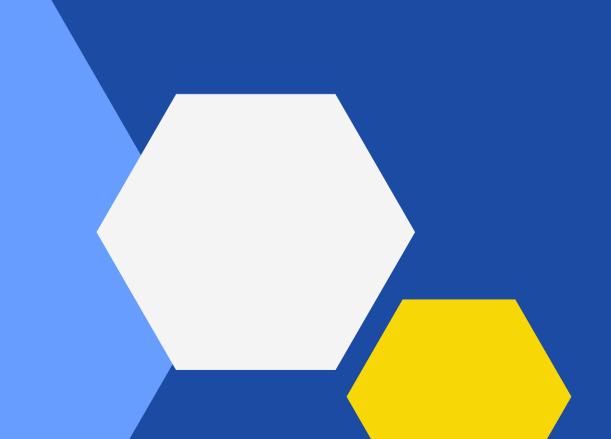
Conduct

- EUROCROWD Code of Conduct
- Best practices
- Transparency
- Fairness



Misconception n° 1

Crowdfunding = online charity donations



"Crowdfunding can be effective for some specific causes/initiatives, mainly not-for-profit ones, but it cannot be used to support companies that want to engage in significant development and growth"



Models

Common features to all models:

- marketplace matching idea with funds
- open to any individual over 18 and with access to internet
- limited duration (time) of crowdfunding campaign
- combination of economic and non economic benefits









Equity

- Financial Regulation (stocks)
- Perfect for startups
- Crowd + professional investors (VCs, BAs).

Lending

- Financial regulation (lenders)
- Perfect for scale-ups or SMEs
- Crowd + Institutional investors (Banks)

Reward/pre-sales

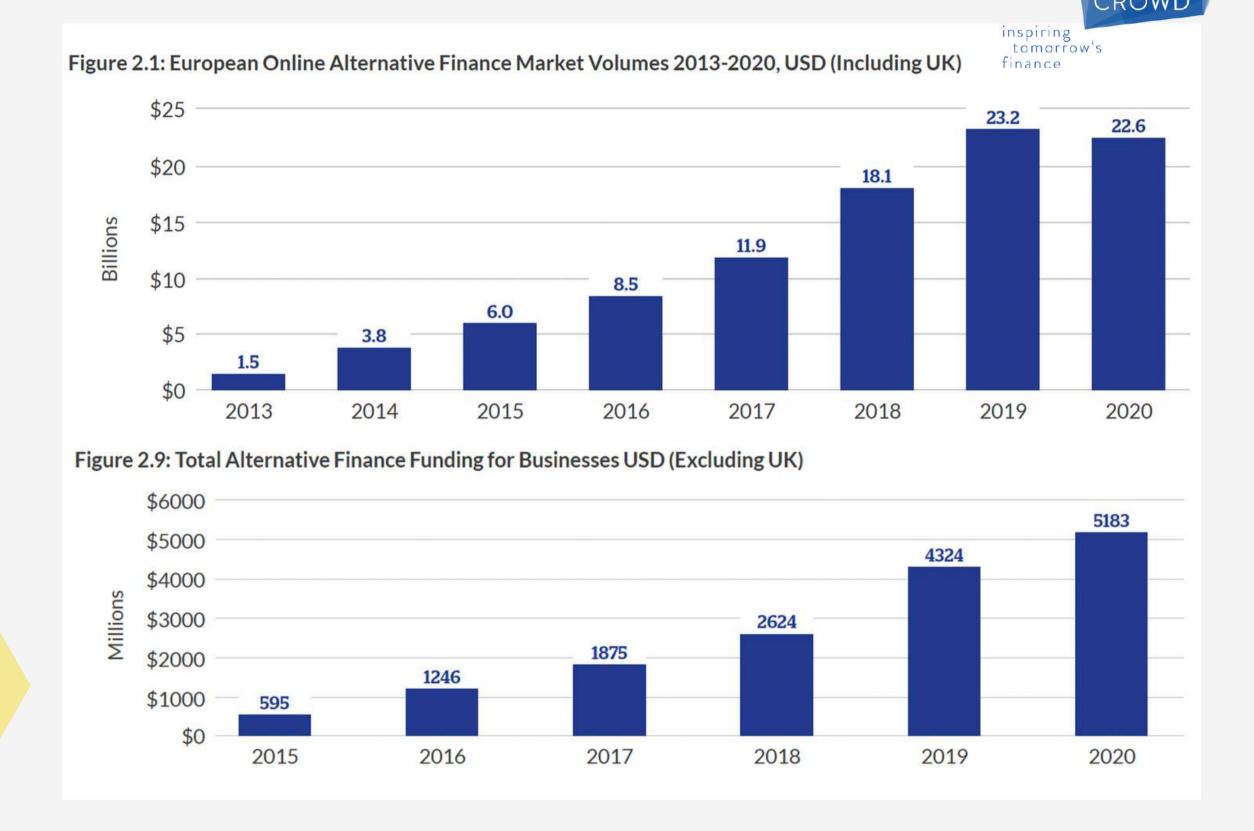
- NO financial Regulation
- YES commercial/VAT regulation
- Perfect for pre-sales of product and/or market validation

Donation

- NO financial Regulation
- NO commercial/VAT regulation
- Perfect for public authorities, charities and non-profit projects

EU market

- Steady and significant growth over the past decade
- New consolidation phase in the EU, also due to the entering into force of EU regulation for crowdfunding (November 2023)
- Fully integrated EU market for crowdfunding, higher transparency, higher volumes, more opportunities for companies and investors

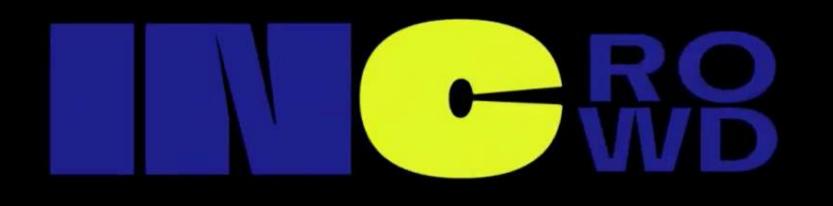


Misconception n°2

Crowdfunding as last resort for the "unbankables"



"I cannot use crowdfunding to raise funds for my company, it would look like I have no other choice and I am desperate for money!"



"InCrowd" - Inclusion through Crowdfunding -

Is a project aimed to empower the "NEET" (Neither in Employment nor in Education or Training) young people, between 18 and 30 years old, with a new and innovative form of self-expression and economic determination: crowdfunding.

- Total number of launched campaigns: 25 (+ 4 in preparation)
- Average funding goal in finalised campaigns: €5387,5
- Average amount raised: €5751,87
- Average number of backers: 57
- Success rate (number of successful campaigns): 81,25%
- Percentage of campaigns in Overfunding: 81,25%



Crowdfunding is a patch, not a solution



"You can run a crowdfundign campaign once, maybe even twice and be lucky and be successful, but it's only a temporary relief. You cannot build a long-term strategy on it"

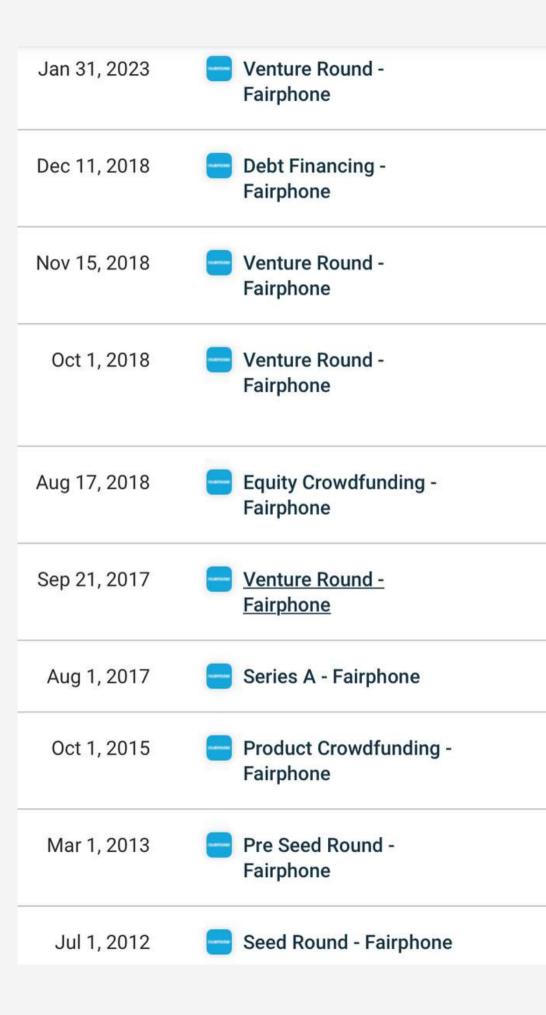


Fairphone | It's time to expand our impact

Fairphone Amsterdam, The Netherlands









Crowdfunding-related opportunities

Development of new financial schemes

Support to new business models (creation and validation)

Inclusion of citizens in different stages of the project

Increased visibility of project and initiatives

Easier access to finance for companies in underserved markets

High-risk, high potential sectors (AI, Blockchain, Medtech, Agritech, etc.)

Culture and creative industries, gaming industry

Entrepreneurship in rural areas

High relevance for social & environmental initiatives

Social innovation and social inclusion

CIrcular and environmentally sustainable ventures/initiatives

Impact generating ventures/initiatives

Gender equality and female entrepreneurship

Matching with different types of potential investors

Business Angels

Venture capital funds

Private equity

Public authorities

Crowdfunding only benefits who gets the funding



"Crowdfunding campaigns are a good way to raise the funds you need, but benefits are limited to the project promoter and those who can provide economic contribution to the campaign"



Matchfunding

in 5 Steps

Successful -

IDEAS





Institution

Call the community to put up projects that need funding



Matches the donations with equal amounts



Projects

in specific areas



Ideas come to life!



Crowd

Supports projects with small donations

Social impact

increased sense of ownership towards funded initiatives
Increased involvement in decision-making process
Increased awareness about local developments
Increased contribution to civic life
Increased visibility of initiatives

Economic impact

Attraction of private capital from retail AND professional investors
Increase in the number of job opportunities
Retention of young people and support to their ideas
Possibility of increasing impact (and number) of funded initiatives by PA

Democratic impact

New dynamics for decision making and budegt allocation Increased transparency and accounntnability in funding process New interaction paradigms between different stakeholders involved

Citizens

Public authorities



crowdfunding is not applicable to public authorities/policy-makers



"Administrative and reporting procedures are complex and burdensome, as crowdfunding implies the involvement of different types of investors and in large numbers"

Different roles of PAs in match-funding schemes



Enabler

the public authority provides support services to encourage the use of crowdfunding among its citizenship

Sponsor

The public authority runs its own campaign for a specific project on an existing civic crowdfunding platform

Manager

A subnational government creates its own crowdfunding platform to foster the development of its territory.

Curator

The local authority selects a list of projects that reflect their agenda from an existing crowdfunding platform.

Facilitator

Subnational governments cofinance projects and/or provide technical support for the development of a crowdfunding campaign

ESCPR

European Crowdfunding Service Provider Regulation



In force since October 2020



Under transition period until November 2023

First licences to platforms have already been issued!

Soon to have a fully harmonised EU crowdfunding market

For crowdfunding platforms

Unique and harmonised set of rules that will standardise platforms' operations, as well as companies' disclosure and documentation, and investors' protection rules. Clearer and simplified regulatory environment, market consolidation

For Public Authorities

Increased opportunity for best practices replication across EU (ie. ERDF and ESF match-funding)

Support to crowdfunding skills acquisition through ESF funds
Tax incentives (in some countries) applicable

Risk dilution mechanism that will incentivise professional and institutional investors, increasing attraction of private capital

From taxes to crowdfunding: the role of citizens and common goods



"The risk of unsuccesful crowdfunding campaigns can have negative reputational impacts on PAs promoting the scheme. Also, it is difficult to justify why citizens (taxpayers) should provide additional funding to specific initiatives"



A revolution in the making

- Inviting citizens to contribute financially improves interaction, participation and transparency in the allocation of public funds
- Citizens have the opportunity to express their preferences on what should be funded, but are not forced to do it
- The leverage effect can amplify the number of funded initiatives and the impact on social and economic territorial development
- Education and information of citizens are key
- Skills and capacity building in PAs is fundamental for harmonious development

Case Studies

Governments who have succesfully used crowdfunding











Partner platform(s)	Role of public authority	Q Geographic areas
Finbee Verslui	FACILITATOR	Lithuania

Type of match-funding scheme applied: Top-up

Public resources committed: initially 4.6m EUR, recently increased to 10m EUR through anti-Covid crisis measures

Other types of support provided: The application process for SMEs is so easy that, usually, no further support is needed.

Policy area(s): Financing program for small and medium-sized enterprises aimed at bridging the gap between bank financing and SMEs access to loans





produzionidalbasso.

Partner platform(s)	Role of public authority	Q Geographic areas
Produzionidalbasso	FACILITATOR	City of Venice

Type of match-funding scheme applied: Top-up. 50-50 scheme. 50% from crowdfunding and 50% from institutional funding of the City of Venice.

Role of public authority: Facilitator

Specific geographic areas identified for match-funding: areas within and around the city of Venice which are characterized by difficult socio-economic situations (Aree bersaglio).

Public resources committed: 70,000 EUR

Other types of support provided: In addition to the match-funding budget, the public authority has further committed 28,850 EUR for the overall coaching and training activities aimed at supporting projects before, during and after the crowdfunding campaign.

Policy area(s): European Social Fund, National OP Metro, action 3.3.1 - creation of services for social inclusion and promotion of new opportunities and services in the most vulnerable areas of the city, through the active participation of citizens.











Partner platform(s)	Role of public authority	Q Geographic areas
Growfunding vzw	FACILITATOR (VGC), CURATOR (VLAAMSE OVERHEID)	Brussels capital region

Type of match-funding scheme applied: VGC: increase every donation by 40% - 1:1; Vlaamse Overheid: Top-up

Public resources committed: VGC: Project subsidy (40,000 EUR)

Vlaamse Overheid: Investment subsidy (70,000 EUR)

Policy area(s): VGC: youth work

Vlaamse overheid: policy for Brussels as capital of Flanders of the Flemish minister responsible for Brussels.









Partner platform(s)	Role of public authority	Q Geographic areas
Growfunding	FACILITATOR	Brussels Capital Region

Type of match-funding scheme applied: Top-up

Public resources committed: 18,000 EUR

Other types of support provided: No

Policy area(s): Youth









Partner platform(s)	Role of public authority	Geographic areas
Goteo.org	FACILITATOR	Gipuzkoa Province, Spain

Type of match-funding scheme applied: Top-up

Public resources committed: 70,000 EUR each year for match funding, plus 44,500 EUR each year for Goteo's services.

Other types of support provided: Communication and dissemination of the open call for projects, tre training activities and the impact of the programme, as well as providing some spaces/offices within the territory to support the activities

Policy area(s): Culture



Contacts

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