

Youth Entrepreneurship Policy Academy



Workshop #5: Entrepreneurship Skills and Mindsets

11 February 2025

Helen Shymanski, Junior policy analyst, OECD CFE





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Why is developing entrepreneurship skills and mindsets important?

- Entrepreneurially minded people are ready to employ personal and external resources in order to transform their ideas into action
- While some of these skills may not be necessary for business success, possessing them is likely to increase the quality and sustainability of the business
- Broad efforts to equip young people for the world of work have been undertaken, and entrepreneurship skills are increasingly recognised as a valuable set of transversal competences
 - European Year of Skills (2023-24)
 - > OECD Recommendation on Creating Better Opportunities for Young People (2022)
 - OECD Youth Policy Toolkit (2024)
 - Entrepreneurship Competence Framework (EntreComp)



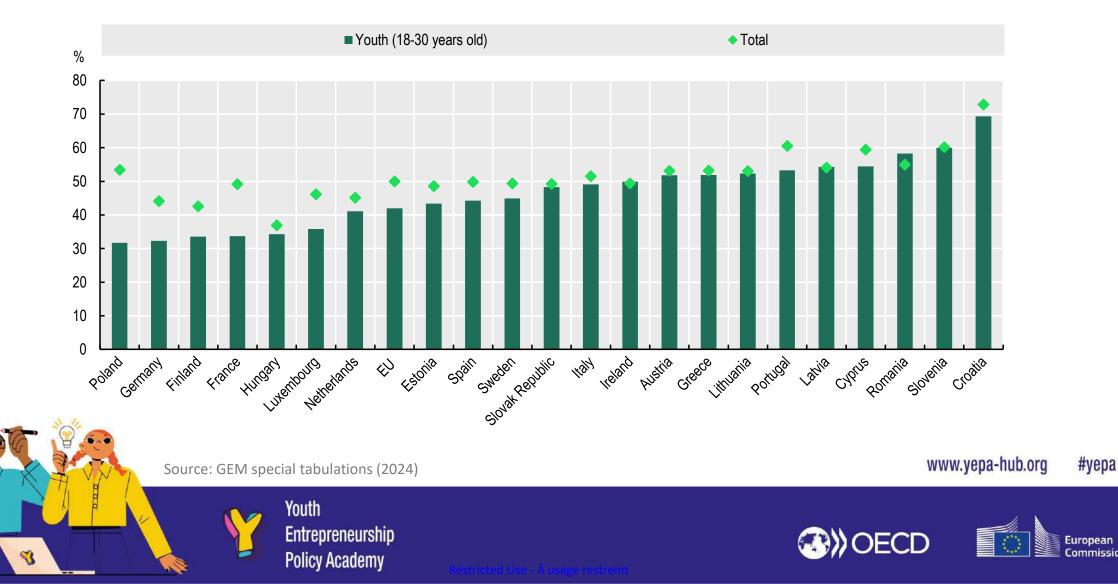






Internal use

Four-in-ten youth in the EU reported having entrepreneurship skills and knowledge (2019-23)



What are the benefits of capacity-building activities?

- Young people acquire valuable skills and experience through capacity-building schemes
- While not everyone who participates in entrepreneurship capacity-building initiatives goes on to start a business, the wider benefits of participating have been recognised:
 - Generating more positive self-perceptions and increased self-confidence
 - > Developing entrepreneurial mindsets and learning how to work in flexible ways
 - > Preparing young people for the future of work, including preparing for the digital and green transitions
 - Stimulating growth and job creation by harnessing entrepreneurial talent among youth
 - Addressing unemployment by upskilling and reskilling young people



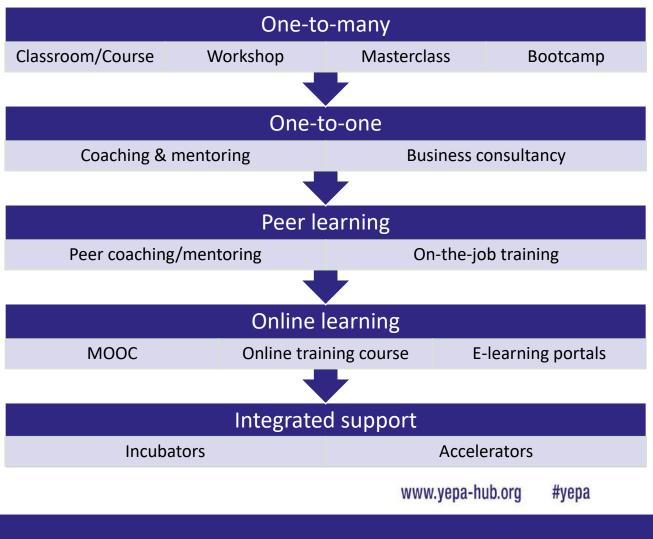
Internal use

Many formats of entrepreneurship capacitybuilding schemes exist Classroom/Course Workshop Masterclass

- Some schemes are offered as standalone initiatives, while others are offered as integrated packages
- Choice of format depends on a variety of factors including the mode of delivery, themes covered, intensity and frequency of training sessions, and whether other supports are provided in parallel

Youth

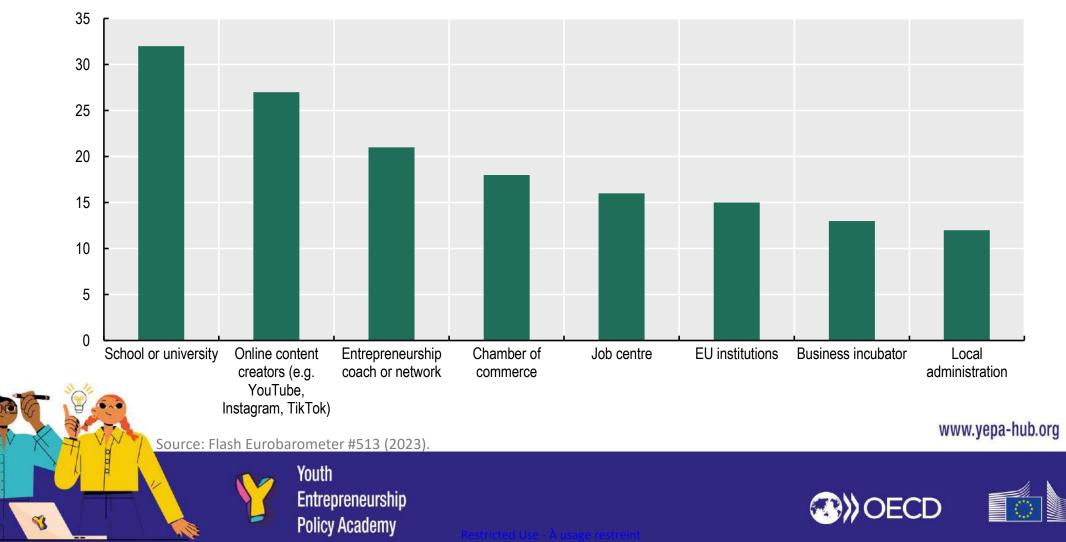
Entrepreneurship Policy Academy







Young people are increasingly looking to online sources to gain entrepreneurship skills



#yepa

European

Internal use

Designing effective support schemes

- Tailor content to address the specific needs of the different profiles of youth, considering the needs at different points in the life cycle of their business
- Consider the impact of the format used
- Different target groups and profiles of young people likely have different preferences
- Ensure that the trainers have the relevant knowledge, tools and experience with entrepreneurship
 - Training for trainers on how best to engage young



What are governments doing?

- > 24 EU Member States have a **national youth strategy**
 - Often includes measures to support youth entrepreneurship notably skills development
- 22 EU Member States offer tailored and/or dedicated coaching and mentoring schemes for youth entrepreneurs
- 17 EU Member States have youth-dedicated business consultancy schemes
- Many countries are also introducing learning platforms or applications to provide direct support for young people to gain entrepreneurship skills



Internal use

Thank you!

Any questions?







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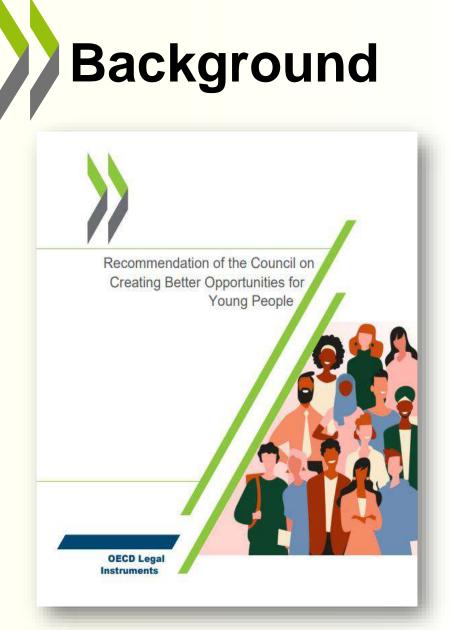
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OECD YOUTH POLICY TOOLKIT:

Creating better opportunities for young people is key to building a sustainable future for all

OECD-EU Youth Entrepreneurship Policy Academy (YEPA) February 2025

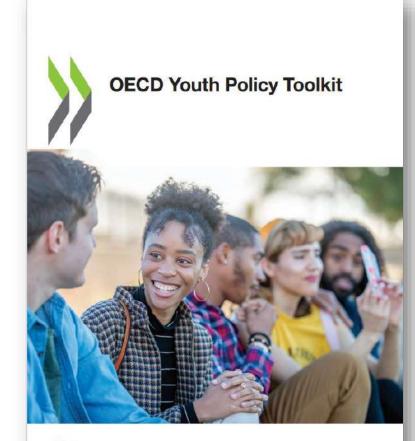




- Adopted by the OECD Council at Ministerial level on 10 June 2022.
- Promotes whole-of-government strategies for young people:
 - 1. Knowledge, skills and competencies.
 - 2. Transition into and within the labour market.
 - 3. Social inclusion and youth well-being.
 - 4. Trust in government and public institutions.
 - 5. Delivery of youth-responsive services.

OECD Youth Policy Toolkit: report

- Launched on 26 November 2024.
- Offers practical guidance on designing and executing policies for young people.
- Recognises diverse characteristics among young people across national contexts.



OECD Youth Policy Toolkit: online database

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Youth Policy	/ Toolkit	
Case studies		
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- Searchable database of 72 case studies.
- Cases selected through multi-step process involving OECD committees.
- Entrepreneurship case studies:
 - Young Entrepreneurs Succeed (Greece, Italy, Poland, Spain)
 - Yes I Start Up (Italy)
 - Young Rural Entrepreneurs (Colombia)

Thank you!



Twitter: @OECD_local LinkedIn: www.linkedin.com/company/oecd-local Website: www.oecd.org/cfe





Young People and Entrepreneurship Contemporary Challenges and Ways Forward OECD YEPA Workshop 5









Robert Blackburn Brett Centre for Entrepreneurship

11th February 2025

liverpool.ac.uk/management

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- Some consensus over the main challenges facing youth
 - Environment uncertainties: COVID; new technologies
 - Corporate sector shrinkage; unemployment
- Era of dynamic changes for YP entering adulthood
- Where does youth entrepreneurship fit in?
 - Fit with range of policy spheres: education; employment; welfare; housing **Origins & vintages of interventions (Ent Ed.; Emp. Policies)**
 - Different levels of *policy jurisdictions*: UN; OECD; EU; Nation; region etc
- But there has been a *step change* in policies: scale and reach
 - How successful are these?
 - intersectionality



• Are they reaching the diversity of young people; unequal access to resources;



Why the impetus?

- Changing needs in young people: *distinctive & new* challenges
 - immediate and longer-term impacts of pandemic
 - disrupted learning; reduced face-to-face interaction
 - Unemployment and Inactivity rates (NEETS)
 - Postponement of adulthood and living with parents
 - Latest evidence: relative decline in well-being
- Changing structural conditions of society

 - Developing economies large % young people: need for employment
 - Growth in inequalities: human, physical, financial, opportunities
 - Attention by UN: sustainable development goals
- surveys)
 - Mixed levels of 'success' lower survival levels



• Ageing population esp. in developed economies: age dependency ratio increasing

Yet young people remain attracted to entrepreneurship (numerous)







- Our contribution focuses on the challenges of young people to understanding entrepreneurship and what it means to them
- Convened three Workshops
 - Liverpool, London and Paris
- Presentations by experts in entrepreneurship
 - policy makers
 - delivery agencies
 - youth workers
 - entrepreneurship educators
 - business owners
 - researchers
- A grass-roots approach to understanding the challenges
- Examine the salient issues facing young people

Developing an evidence base



• Consider how entrepreneurship policy can be made more relevant and successful





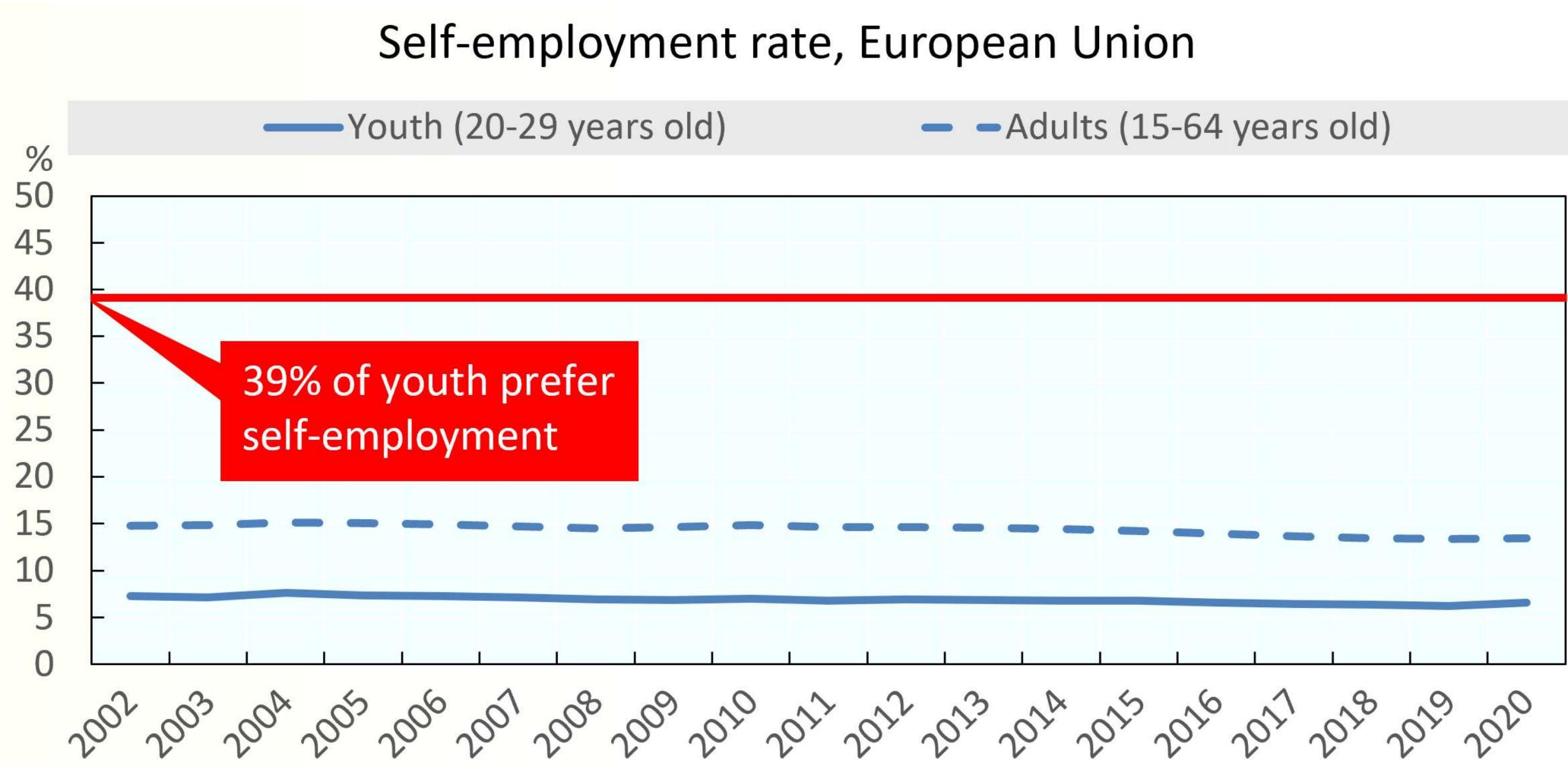




Figure 1.1 Untapped entrepreneurial potential among youth (Data Source: European Commission, 2023, reported in OECD (2023)

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Can entrepreneurship help?

- Why the intentions gap?
- Face numerous challenges (research & workshop evidence)
 - Mistaken optimism?
 - Underdeveloped skills (EntreComp)
 - Competencies (EntreComp)
 - Fear of failure (realistic)

 - Levels of self-confidence (experimentation; -ve impact competitions) • Weak networks and engagement with youth networks
 - Lack of finance (debateable)

 - Lack of perceived legitimacy by customers & clients (societal) Physical isolation reinforced by COVID-19 (rachet effect)
- Recurring themes
 - **Precarious jobs**: growth in self-emp but insecurity with many = disaffection
 - Intersectionality: gender; ethnicity; age; location etc



BRETT CENTRE FOR ENTREPRENEURSHIP





Some Challenges to Youth Entrepreneurship

- Definitions by others in the population & legitimacy issues
 - Credibility with suppliers and customers
 - Re-inforces feelings of lack of confidence
- Institutional challenges: eg Finance & credit ratings
- Inequalities of access to support and engagement
 - Intersectionality issues
- control?)

• Main metrics of measuring entrepreneurship as start-ups rather than mindsets Need for an adjustment in measures of success (challenge for researchers) Above subject to uncertainties of economic cycles (outside Ent Policy)



School





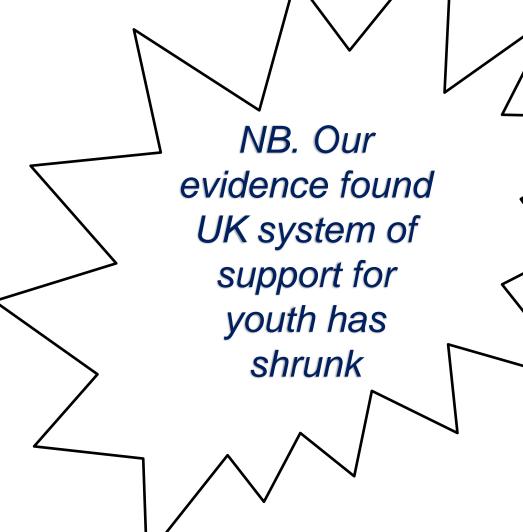
- Give youth a 'voice' (akin to other groups)
- Sensitising policy to specific contexts and groups • Communication and engagement with their networks • Understand the 'worlds' of young people

- Informal as well as formal institutions: reach out
 - Not just educational institutions

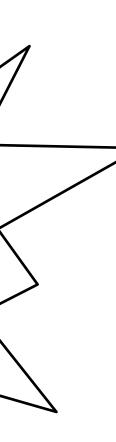
- Youth bodies and organisations; sector networks • Go where young people are economically active • eg. creative industries & social enterprises
 - Showcase success
- Allow for experimentation and innovation More holistic measurements of outcomes eg for 'mindsets'

What can be done? Ideas...

Management School









The way forward for policy makers

- We are awash with initiatives but how impactful are these?
- Need for policy leadership at a strategic level
 - Engagement currently the biggest challenge to success
- Instil **powerful leadership** within governments to pursue specific policy measures across different ministries
- Develop a portfolio of initiatives to overcome complex barriers
- Embed evaluations in policy interventions to allow subsequent learning and innovations in policy and its delivery
 - Appropriate metrics: allow for experimentation & other outcomes of interventions (e.g. mindsets)







Short-term strategy

- Go where **YP interact**: real & virtual to • Cultural change (legitimacy) build trust
- Galvanise existing diverse 'fabric' of support
- Segment approaches tackling inequalities: e.g. community orgs.
- Political will via powerful ministerial appointment in key jurisdiction (normally national)
- But also encourage YP to promote successes

What is to be done? Priorities for policy Management

Medium-term strategy

- Entrepreneurship = both Mindsets & Business ownership (problematic?)
- Education Embed entrepreneurship in curriculum (ongoing)
- Evaluate, learn, innovate, refine policy
- Share best practice & build on these
- Anticipate dynamics of change (AI)









https://livrepository.liverpool.ac.uk/3183165/

<u>https://yepa-hub.org/reports/youth-entrepreneurship-policy-contemporary-challenges-and-ways-forward/</u>



Discussion





Thank you Feedback on report welcome

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https://www.liverpool.ac.uk/management/staff/robert-blackburn/



TOWARDS A UNION OF SKILLS

EUROPEAN YEAR OF SKILLS

OI

YEPA: Entrepreneurship Skills and Mindsets 11 February 2025

Labour and skills shortages as a *challenge* and skilled workforce as an *enabler*



42 occupations were classified as shortages in 2023



74% of SMEs reported that they face skills shortages in 2023



adult learning remains low - with a participation rate of around 39,5% in 2022



over 90% of jobs require digital skills, however only 54% of the adult population in Europe has basic digital skills



26.2% of 15-year-olds do not reach minimum competence levels in reading,
29.5% in mathematics and 24.3% in science (2022); 20.2% of adults low qualified (2023).

Headline target: At least **60%** of all adults should <u>participate in training</u> every year by 2030



The European Year of Skills: objectives

To further promote a mindset of reskilling and upskilling



Investment Increased, more effective and inclusive investment



Skills relevance Strengthening skills relevance by close cooperation



Matching aspirations

Matching people's aspirations and skills-set with labour market opportunities



Attracting third country talent

Attracting people from third countries with the skills needed



Who was involved in the Year?



European Institutions

- European Parliament
- European Commission: DG EMPL and other DGs: initiatives, support with communication and engagement
- EU agencies, such as CEDEFOP, ETF, ELA
- Commission Representations and EP Information Offices
- CoR, EESC, EIB...

Existing platforms and networks

- Engaging a wide range of stakeholders
- Social partners
- Civil society
- Companies, chambers of commerce and industry, education and training providers, individuals



- Strong involvement of Member States.
- Appointment of national coordinators to raise awareness, shape the Year, coordinate actions.
- Close cooperation with the Presidencies.
- Implementing bodies such as ESF+ managing authorities



International Actors

- OECD, UNESCO, ILO
- Cooperation with third countries, in particular partner countries



Legacy of the Year I

- Skills are high in the EU's political agenda
- Skills became part of strategic EU policies, key for EU competitiveness and all economic sectors
- Investing in skills is productive and has long-term benefits
- Boosted implementation of EU skills initiatives
- Raised awareness (individuals, businesses, etc)
- Stronger cooperation on skills in Europe and globally
- Inspiration for ASEAN Year of Skills



The European Commission 2024-2029



"Europe needs a radical step change in ambition and action – for all skill levels and for all types of training and education."

Ursula von der Leyen

President of the European Commission

Roxana Mînzatu,

Executive Vice President for Social Rights and **Skills,** Quality Jobs and Preparedness

Political Guidelines:

- Establish a Union of Skills.
- Propose a European Strategy for VET.
- Put forward a Skills Portability Initiative.
- Propose a STEM Education Strategic Plan.
- Continue to work towards a **European Degree**.
- Develop a Quality Jobs Roadmap.
- Boost and refocus skills funding in the EU budget. Strengthen Erasmus+, including for vocational training.
- Support Member States and companies with legal migration based on skills needs, including with harmonised rules on the recognition of qualifications.
- Support actions to **enhance artificial intelligence literacy** and to implement the AI Act's Article 4.



Letta and Draghi reports

The **competitiveness** of the EU and the success of the European economic model – starting with the successful execution of the green and digital transitions – requires a labour force endowed with the right **knowledge and skills**.

Mario Draghi - The future of European competitiveness

Faced with the common challenges of skills and labour shortages, a decisive theme for the future of the internal market, the European Union has been able to show itself reactive with the adoption of a recommendation on individual training accounts in 2022 and the decision to dedicate the European Year 2023 to skills, **but efforts still need to be stepped up to help the unemployed into employment, as well as those furthest from the labour market, particularly young people and senior citizens.**

Enrico Letta - Report on the Future of the Single Market

SPEED, SECURITY, SOLIDARITY

Empowering the Single Market to deliver a sustainable future and prosperity for all EU Citizens

MUCH

MORE

THANA

MARKET

call 2024

Study on EU cohesion funds for skills

€ 44.2 BILLION

EU INVESTMENT ALLOCATED TO SUPPORT **TO SKILLS**

In combination with national co-financing across all Member States, the total investment in skills under EU cohesion funds is estimated at EUB 67.7 billion.

14.6%

OUT OF ALL INVESTMENTS IN ESF+ / JTF / ERDF ARE **DEDICATED TO SKILLS**





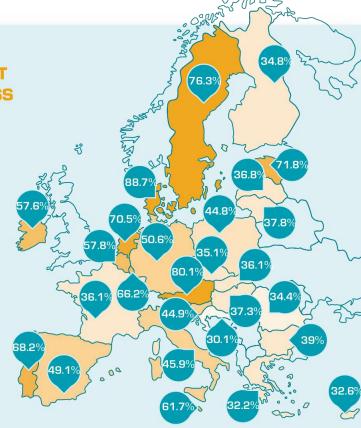
ACTIVITIES

Skills investments are primarily directed at employed individuals, and to a lesser extent, the unemployed and those not active on the labour market.

VARIED USE OF ESF+ ON SUPPORT TO SKILLS ACROSS MEMBER STATES

The percentage of ESF+ investments in skills, out of the total ESF+ investments in employment, education and skills, and social inclusion.





CORE SERVICES



Skills counselling



Training of individuals



Training of workers



Investments in vocational education and training



Promotion of education and training



Legacy of the Year II

- Skills are high in the EU's political agenda
- Skills became part of strategic EU policies, key for EU competitiveness and all economic sectors
- Investing in skills is productive and has long-term benefits
- Boosted implementation of EU skills initiatives
- Stronger cooperation on skills in Europe and globally
- Raised awareness (individuals, businesses, etc)
- Inspiration for ASEAN Year of Skills



Partnership approaches in skills

Pact for Skills

Over **2500** members **20** large-scale partnerships aim to up- and reskill over 25 million people by 2030 **3.5 million people** trained and **310 M€** invested in 2022 and 2023 Centres of Vocational Excellence (CoVEs) 53 networks funded 400 M€ (2021-2027)

European Alliance for Apprenticeships (EAfA)

> Over **2.5 million** apprenticeship offers **450** pledges

40 national commitments



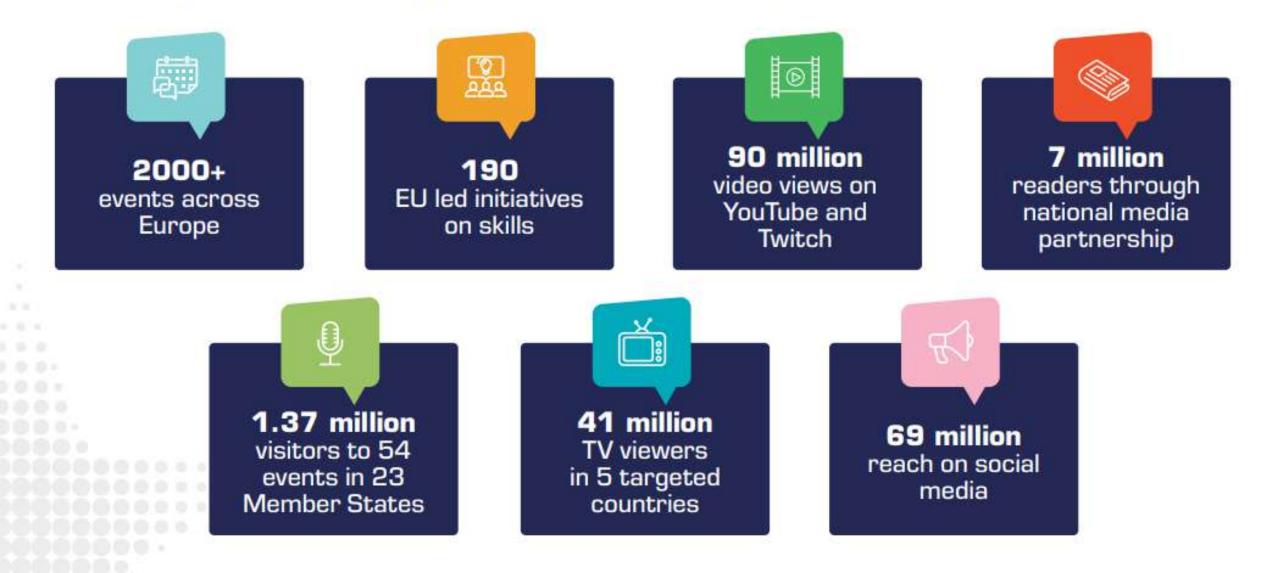
Legacy of the Year III

- Skills are high in the EU's political agenda
- Skills became part of strategic EU policies, key for EU competitiveness and all economic sectors
- Investing in skills is productive and has long-term benefits
- Boosted implementation of EU skills initiatives
- Stronger cooperation on skills in Europe and globally
- Raised awareness (individuals, businesses, etc)



EUROPEAN YEAR OF SKILLS IN NUMBERS

Our messages reached millions of people and businesses all over Europe

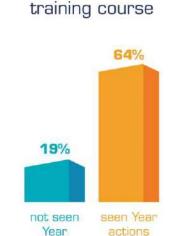


THE EUROPEAN YEAR OF SKILLS - CHANGING MINDS *

People who have seen or heard about European Year of Skills activities and initiatives:

Are more aware of EU skills policies

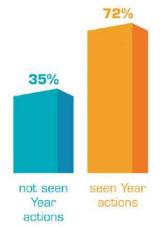




actions

Are more willing to take a

Say that the **Year has an** impact on their lives



* European Year of Skills communication activities survey results [March 2024]

SKILLS CHANGE LIVES

Above all, the European Year of Skills is about empowering people to develop their professional lives. Better skills mean new opportunities, higher quality jobs, and a more competitive European economy. These are some of the people whose lives where changed by the Year.



After a decade in a comfortable job, I decided to change my career path. Learning to code opened doors in the digital sector and boosted my confidence.

Taking the first step was challenging, but it paved the way for progression and I know the best is yet to come.



Barry Williams, Ireland

When my business folded, I had no formal qualifications so I decided to follow a computer course. As I progressed, I found my calling as a further education teacher and I'm now helping to support adult learners. Imparting knowledge to those who find themselves in a similar position to mine is a truly fulfilling experience.





I inherited my business from my great-grandfather. Combining over a hundred years of bakery tradition with modern trends. I focus on always improving my own and my staff's skills. Keeping up to date is key and nourishing my staff's ambitions, curiosity, and hunger for knowledge is very important to me.

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION EUROPEAN YEAR OF SKILLS

01



Bringing business knowledge and entrepreneurship to schools

FEBRUARY 2025





What's the perfect age to have a one-onone conversation with a CEO?



At 16? Absolutely! Just like these students, who discussed the future of aviation with Annette Mann, CEO of Austrian Airlines.

Source: https://www.businessatschool.de/de/aktuelles/detail/annettemannbeiraetin

When is the right time to start a business?



Why not in high school?



Introducing

BUSINESS @ SCHOOL

A firsthand taste of business and entrepreneurship in three phases since 1998

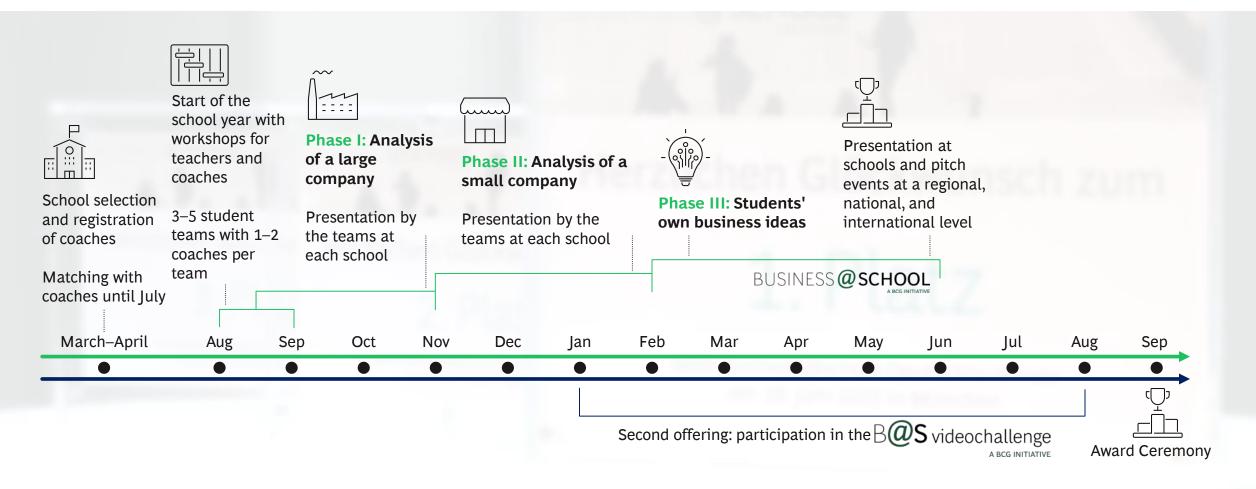
On-site coaching by 400 volunteers at BCG and around 20 partner companies

30,000 participants so far and currently 1,000 each year in six countries (Austria, Albania, Germany, Great Britain, Italy, Switzerland)

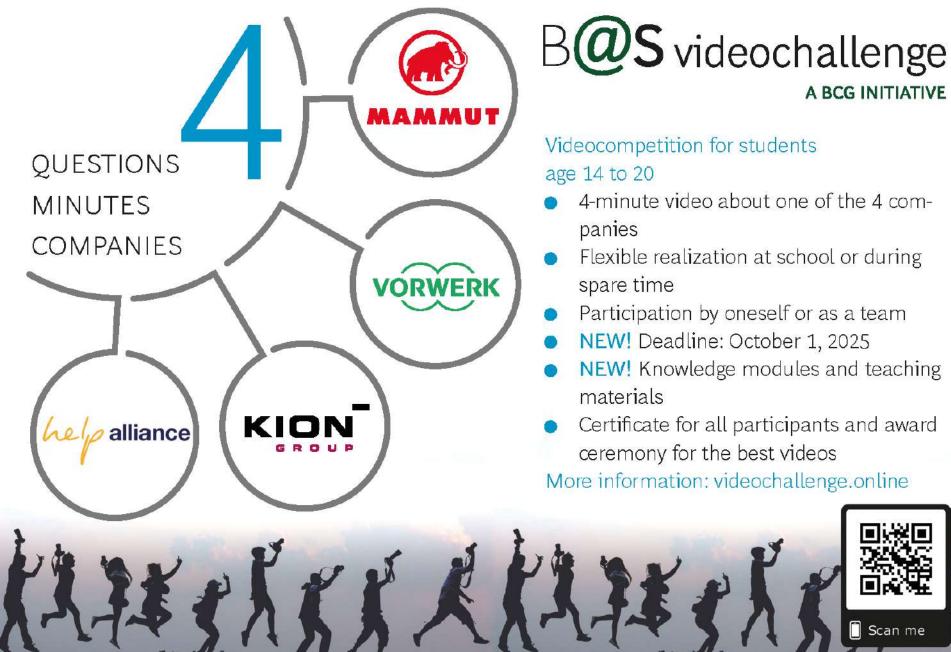
5,863 business ideas since 1998



How business@school brings real-world business and entrepreneurship to students



Copy





Videocompetition for students

4-minute video about one of the 4 com-

A BCG INITIATIVE

- Flexible realization at school or during
- Participation by oneself or as a team
- NEW! Deadline: October 1, 2025
- **NEW!** Knowledge modules and teaching
- Certificate for all participants and award ceremony for the best videos More information: videochallenge.online

A second option is our worldwide videochallenge competition

5

Why? Entrepreneurship in the digital age: More than just a business idea!



Great entrepreneurs don't just think business they master digital tools, AI, and media to bring ideas to life.

With the b@s videochallenge, you can combine your business know-how with digital and media skills to create, innovate, and stand out.

Students get full access to **statista** resources upon registration.

Ready to put your AI and media skills to the test? Register today!



Some schools run the B@S videochallenge as an Erasmus+ project

C	1	Planning phase 3-4 weeks	2 Preparation and start 1 day	3 Execution phase 1-2 weeks
	l • g	Develop a project structure Establish communication channels Align with Erasmus+ project goals	 Kick-off with an introductory session and team allocation Ensure all teams are registered 	 Support teams and answering questions Ensuring that teams make progress
-	Students		• Team spokesperson registers on the platform and invites team members and teacher	 Students choose a company, do research and write a script Students create and submit videos
	4	Evaluation by Judges 1 day	5 Award ceremony 1 day	6 Follow-up and report 2-3 weeks
TFI	Teachers	Briefjudges	Recognize participants for creativity	Prepare Erasmus+ reports
-1 1-1	Teac	Gather feedback from judges	and effortShare highlights and achievements	 summarizing results and successes Share outcomes via social media and other platforms
	Judges Teac	Gather feedback from judges Judges assess videos for creativity, content, and impact	Share highlights and achievements	Share outcomes via social media and

Source: SCHULWELT NRW, 05/2024.

Canon

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Féidearthachtaí as Cuimse Infinite Possibilities

Developing Business Financial Literacy for Youth

Professor Tom Cooney (Technological University Dublin)

12 February 2025

DU BLIN TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY DUBLIN

Financial Literacy for Business vs. Personal Finance

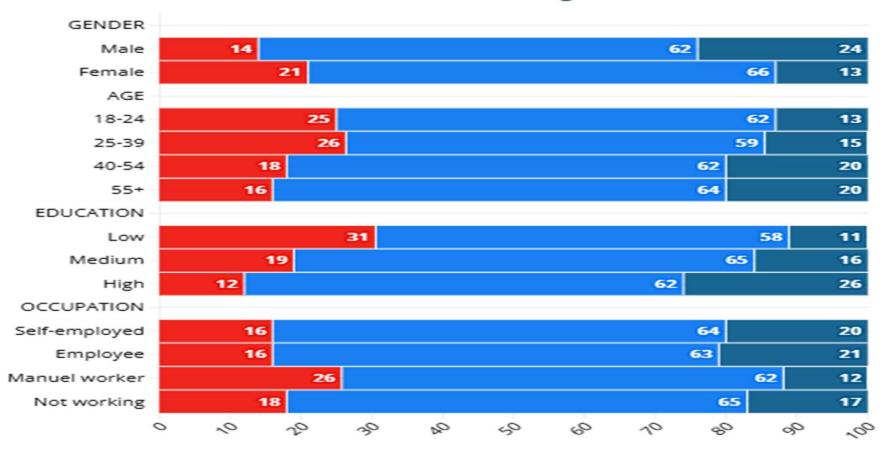
- **Personal Finance:** Managing savings, debt, credit, and long-term financial planning.
- **Business Finance:** Understanding revenue models, pricing strategies, profitability, investment, and funding sources.
- Entrepreneurs need to distinguish between the two to ensure sustainable business management.

Financial Literacy in SMEs Generally

- Standard of financial literacy amongst SME owner-managers is very poor generally
 - Cannot understand financial accounts
 - Accounts are the responsibility of the accountant
 - Do not have monthly accounts (dashboard numbers)
 - Do not value of the information that financial statements provide
 - Loans provided to people with little understanding of cash flow and other basic financial information
 - Who is responsible for this reckless trading??
- Standard is even poorer with Missing Entrepreneurs as they are likely to have lower levels of education, employment and managerial experience (not true of all groups)
- Co-founded a business called DoTheFinancials.com which enables people to understand the basics of finance quickly and even develop their own financial projections
- It is my view that we cannot give money without also educating people about financial statements

Overall financial literacy score (2023)

Low Medium High



Why Financial Literacy is a Challenge for Youth Entrepreneurship

- Lack of Formal Education on Finance Many schools do not include personal finance or business finance in their curriculum, leaving young entrepreneurs without foundational knowledge in budgeting, taxes, or investment strategies.
- **Limited Experience with Money Management** Young entrepreneurs may have little to no experience in handling large sums of money, managing expenses, or understanding profit margins, which can lead to costly mistakes.
- **Difficulty in Accessing Capital** Without a strong understanding of financial planning and credit management, youth entrepreneurs may struggle to secure loans, attract investors, or manage debt properly.
- **Overlooking Cash Flow Management** Many start-ups fail because they run out of cash, not because they lack a great idea. Youth entrepreneurs often underestimate the importance of maintaining a positive cash flow to keep their business running smoothly.
- **Poor Pricing and Profitability Strategies** Without proper financial knowledge, young business owners may underprice their products or fail to calculate profitability correctly, making it difficult to sustain and grow their business.
- Tax and Compliance Challenges Taxes, legal structures, and regulatory compliance can be overwhelming for young entrepreneurs, leading to penalties or legal troubles due to mismanagement. Restricted Use - À usage restreint

Why is Financial Literacy Important

- Financial literacy (financial and management knowledge) leads to increased intention toward entrepreneurship among undergraduates students. (Ahmad et al., 2019)
- The implication of this study is that financial literacy is vital and should be equipped within future young entrepreneurs. (Ahmad et al., 2019)
- Results revealed that financial literacy and its two parts (financial attitude and financial knowledge) have a positive impact on Entrepreneurial Intent on students. (Bilal et al., 2021)
- The lack of strong positive impacts of financial measures on their own suggests that a more effective approach for creating sustainable businesses amongst young people might be to offer combinations of financial and non-financial support. (OECD, 2023)

Key Priorities for Teaching Business Financial Literacy to Youth

- Understanding financial concepts (cash flow, budgeting, revenue, and costs).
- Differentiating between business and personal finances.
- Developing skills in pricing, profitability, and investment decision-making.
- Ensuring accessibility of financial education through schools, online resources, and mentorship programs.

How Do We Teach Financial Literacy?

- Integrating financial education into school and university curricula.
- Using interactive and experiential learning (simulations, case studies, gamification).
- Partnering with financial institutions and business mentors for real-world insights.
- Leveraging online platforms and social media to reach broader audiences.
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Graduates vs. NEETs – Differentiated Needs

- Graduates: May have academic knowledge, but lack practical business experience; need applied learning, start-up funding insights, and networking opportunities.
- **NEETs:** May lack formal education and structured learning habits; need accessible, flexible learning, financial inclusion, and confidence-building.
- Both groups benefit from hands-on training, mentorship, and tailored support.

Good Practice in Business Financial Literacy Training for Youth

- Latvia: Future Heroes workshops on financial decisionmaking and business strategy.
- UK: Young Enterprise a planned programme of study that equips young people with the knowledge, skills and confidence to manage their money well.

Final Thoughts

- Financial literacy is crucial for entrepreneurial success.
- Tailored approaches for different youth profiles ensure greater impact.
- Need to build significant financial learning in start-up programs (giving money without education is a major error).
- Public and private sector collaboration is key to delivering effective programs.
- Check out <u>www.DoTheFinancials.com</u>.

Supporting Entrepreneurship

YEPA Feb 12, 2025



Dana Puia Morel Policy Expert & Coach – European Commission



Supporting entrepreneurship

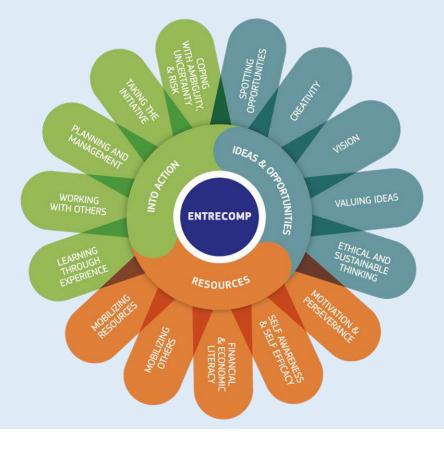


The European Commission's entrepreneurship policy supports SMEs in all their life cycle, promotes the entrepreneurial mindset through the implementation of the **European Entrepreneurship Competence Framework**, and reaches out to specific groups whose entrepreneurial potential has not been tapped yet, such as women.

SME Relief Package; Draghi Report The Future of European Competitiveness



The European Entrepreneurship Competence Framework





Entrepreneurship Tools



Being Entrepreneurial Guide



Entrepreneurship Tools



Explore these core topics and turn your ideas into action

Digital

Drought to you by All Digital

+ Learn more

Financial

supported by Enterprise Evolution (EEC)

+ Learn more

Entrepreneurship4All Platform



Gender gap in entrepreneurship



There could be an additional **5.5 million women** starting and managing new businesses in the European Union, if everyone had an equal opportunity to transform their ideas into a business and if women participated in early-stage entrepreneurship at the same rate as 30-49 years old men.

Source: OECD-EC 2023 Report on Missing Entrepreneurs



Women still face barriers to entrepreneurships



Greater difficulties in accessing finance;

□ Perceived lack of skills;

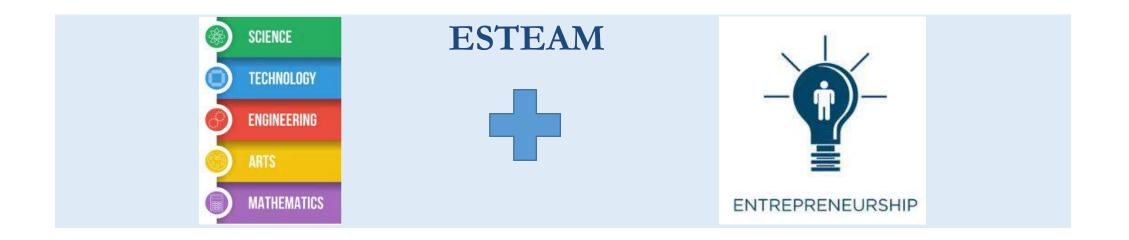
Institutional barriers (childcare & tax systems, income, work-life balance);

Discouraging social attitudes and lack of role models;

Different motivations and growth intentions.



ESTEAM Festivals and Communities for Girls and Women



- Empower and boost the confidence of girls and women;
- Enhance their digital and entrepreneurial competences;
- □ Increase the attractiveness of studying and taking up careers in entrepreneurship, science and technology;
- Has started in 2022, has reached 4200 girls and women so far.









OECD-EU Youth Entrepreneurship Policy Academy (YEPA)

CASE STUDY: BOOSTING DIGITAL AND GREEN SKILLS. ROMANIA

Professor Ph.D. Anca Otilia Dodescu

Vice-Rector University of Oradea Local coordinator EU GREEN Alliance

YEPA Online Workshop Series Workshop #5: Entrepreneurship Skills and Mindsets 12 February 2025



Youth Entrepreneurship Policy Academy



Overview

1. Boosting green skills

Case study: Entrepreneur's Journey in Sustainability, EU GREEN Alliance, University of Oradea, ROMANIA

2. Boosting digital skills

Case study: Development of Entrepreneurial Skills in the Digital Sector, DigitalUO Project, University of Oradea, ROMANIA

EUSSCREEN

EUROPEAN ALLIANCE **1. Boosting green skills Case study: Entrepreneur's Journey in Sustainability**

















EU GREEN European Alliance



ALLIANCE

Ξ

9 universities 24 campuses 158.000 students 18.000 staff 5.250.000 inhabitants + 80 Associated Partners



Associated Partners

EUROPEAN

ALLIANCE



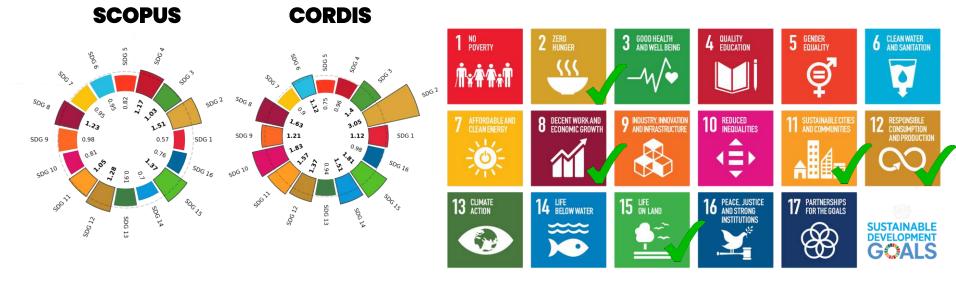
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Based on scientific publications (SCOPUS) and projects (CORDIS) of the partner universities, the EU GREEN specialization is linked to 5 of the 17 Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) included in the 2030 Agenda.

ALLIANCE

N





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EU GREEN Excellence Clusters

1. Emerging paradigms for health and wellbeing **2.** Agriculture, food and environmental sustainability 3. Engineering and technology for sustainable development 4. Sustainable tourism for cultural and national heritage 5. Education sciences for sustainable development **6.** Challenges in ecosystem diversity and function





EU GREEN Objectives

Education	Promoting a European alliance through an educational model based on global approaches, such as GreenComp, SDGs, or Women in STEAM				
Research	Creating a network of 6 research excellence clusters (in 6 key areas of sustainability) Emerging paradigms for health and wellbeing Agriculture, food and environmental sustainability Engineering and technology for sustainable development Sustainable tourism for cultural and national heritage Education sciences for sustainable development Challenges in ecosystem diversity and function 				
Networking	rking Joint development of research projects within European calls Creating a network of healthy and sustainable campuses				
Knowledge Transfer	Collaboration with the economic and social environment for knowledge transfer, innovation, and addressing global challenges				
	Connecting EU GREEN to society through enterprises and associated partners				
	•				

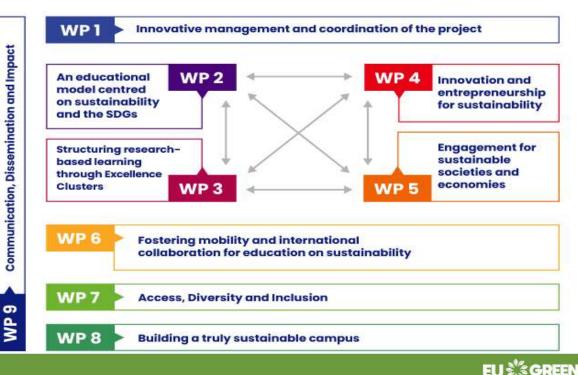




EU GREEN

Work Plan

VALUES SUSTAINABILITY GLOBAL CITIZENSHIP



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WP #4 **Innovation and** Entrepreneurship for sustainability



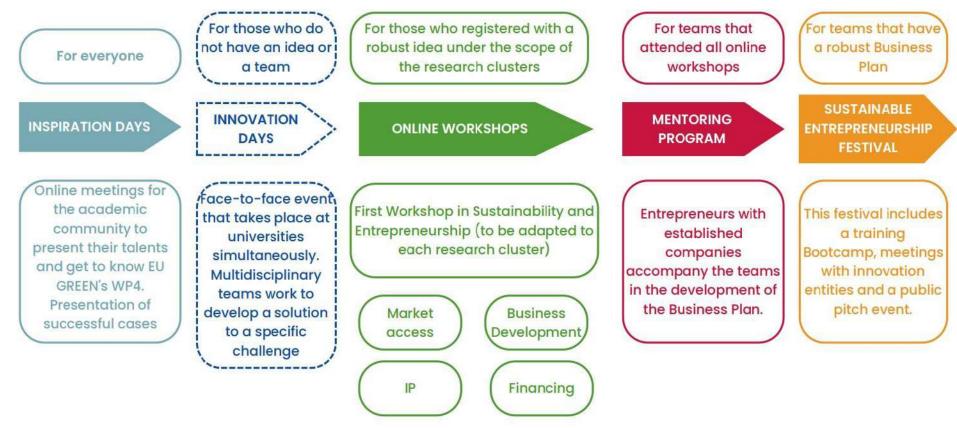


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ENTREPRENEUR'S JOURNEY

EUROPEAN UNIVERSITIES ALLIANCE FOR SUSTAINABILITY: RESPONSIBLE GROWTH, INCLUSIVE EDUCATION AND ENVIRONMENT





DURATION OF EACH ACTIVITY

EUROPEAN UNIVERSITIES ALLIANCE FOR SUSTAINABILITY: RESPONSIBLE COOWTH, INCLUSIVE EDUCATION AND ENVIRONMENT



- Each journey will last approximately 7 months.
- If we do a 2-month preparation for the start of activities, the duration will be in line with the school year.
- Inspiration Days can start in December or January.
- The Sustaibale Entrepreneurship Festival can be held in May or June.



2024 Outcomes, University of Oradea

Clusters	 Agriculture, food and environmental sustainability Challenges in ecosystem diversity and function 				
Inspiration Days	23.02.2024, on-line, 62 participants out of 600 total (students, PhD students, researchers, teaching staff and PhD supervisors), 1 invited specialist, 3 success stories - Bioflora Apuseni, DEXTRA Wines, Dripper The Factory				
Innovation Days	10-11.04.2024, in person, 50 participants out of 120 total (including students, researchers and mentors), Challenges, Development of the solution, Group work, Ideas presentation				
Mentoring	International mentoring, 25 international mentors invited by partners, to provide on-line mentoring on new business ideas.				
On-line workshops	Online training program with 6 different modules on <i>Sustainable Entrepreneurship</i> . 4 groups (ideas) out of 41 from 8 students out of 65 students were submitted. All of them have completed all the program that contained content videos, quizzes and 3 scientific articles about Nanotechnology and Intellectual Property Rights; Patents and Food Markets. The participants had to successfully complete the Online Workshops in order to participate in the Entrepreneur's Festival.				
Sustainable Entrepreneurship Festival	25-29.04.2024, the first EU GREEN Entrepreneurship Festival organized at the University of Évora, 2 groups (ideas) out of 19 were invited, and participated at the Bootcamps on Communication and Storytelling applied to Business, Simulation of Investment Rounds with Investors from 6 different companies and a Public Presentation.				







2. Boosting digital skills Case study: Development of Entrepreneurial Skills in the Digital Sector, DigitalUO Project, University of Oradea, ROMANIA

DIGITAL UO Digital





Digital





The digital transformation of the University of Oradea through:

DigitalUO Objectives

Providing **digital equipment** for educational and research purposes and creating a **CDI infrastructure** for the adoption of advanced digital technologies

Updating **study programs** and enhancing educational content tailored to the digital professions of the future

Improving the digital skills of students and academic staff

DIGITAL UO

Acquisition and endowment with digital infrastructure for the development of digital skills of **46 structures (centers/laboratories/virtual library)** including assistive digital technologies for students with special educational requirements

Updating for the development of digital skills in order to acquire specific skills for emerging professions and to strengthen entrepreneurial skills in the digital sector of **20 study programs** by introducing new courses/disciplines/topics: *Cybersecurity, Cloud Computing, Artificial Intelligence, Applied Informatics, Databases, Information Security Management, Systems and Application Security, Internet of Things, Data Security, Perceptual Systems, Information Systems and Decision Support, Online Marketing etc.*

Training to acquire advanced digital skills of **140 students** and **20 teaching staff** from **7 study programs** (*Computers, Information Technology, Management in Information Technology, Robotics, Automation and Applied Informatics, Informatics, Telecommunications Networks and Software*)











DigitalUO Trainings for Students

- Training for the use of digital resources aligned with DigiComp for all 20.000 students.
- IC3 Digital Literacy Certification for 50 students.
- Artificial Intelligence, Cloud Computing, Databases for 140 students from IT-focused study programs: Computer Science, Information Technology, Applied Electronics, Telecommunications Networks and Software, Automation and Applied Informatics, Informatics, Mechatronics, Robotics.
- Development of entrepreneurial skills in the digital sector for 20 students from IT-focused study programs.

DIGITAL UO Digital











Development of entrepreneurial skills in the digital sector (1)

- **Description**: Entrepreneurial training for students from study programs with advanced curriculum in IT who want to start a business in the digital sector. Advisory services for START-UP NATION competition.
- **Approach:** 3-month training programme (40 hours, including 16 hours practice) accredited by the National Authority for Qualifications. Applicants must have obtained their advanced digital skills certification and submit an application letter that explains their start-up in the digital sector intentions. Elected participants must sign a contract that commits them to attending all of the training sessions and participating in a certification exam at the end of the training. The training programme is designed by an experienced private company and tailored on the needs of youth and the digital sector. The course will conclude with an exam with a theoretical part (multiple-choice test) and a practical part (presentation of the business plan in the digital sector). Participants who pass the exam with external evaluators benefit from free advisory services for adapting their business plan to the requirements of the Start-up Nation program.

DIGITAL UO Digital











Development of entrepreneurial skills in the digital sector (2)

Module 1. General Concepts of Digital Entrepreneurship

Module 2. Starting a Business in the Digital Sector

Module 3. Marketing Strategy in the Digital Sector

Module 4. Contract Negotiation. Particularities in the Digital Sector

Module 5. Sales Policy in the Digital Sector

Module 6. Business Financing. Particularities in the Digital Sector

DIGITAL UO Digital



Module 7. Personnel Management. Particularities in the Digital Sector

Module 8. Accounting Records

Module 9. Business Development Strategies and Risks in the Digital Sector

Module 10. Identifying the Necessary Logistics for Entrepreneurial Activities in the Digital Sector •

Module 11. Business Plan in the Digital Sector.







Development of entrepreneurial skills in the digital sector (3)

- Impact: to date, training has been delivered to 22 beneficiaries and has resulted in the creation of 22 new business plans in the digital sector. All 22 participants passed the exam in December 2024 and obtained the certification of entrepreneurial skills. 8 of them are currently benefiting from advisory services for START-UP NATION competition.
- Considerations for success: training content tailored to the needs of youth and the digital sector, along with free advisory services at the end of the training.

DIGITAL UO Digital









Thank you very much!

Professor Ph.D. Anca Otilia Dodescu Vice-Rector University of Oradea Local coordinator EU GREEN Alliance

YEPA Online Workshop Series Workshop #5: Entrepreneurship Skills and Mindsets 12 February 2025



Employing Digital Tools in Mentoring YEPA Workshop 5: Entrepreneurship Skills and Mindset

Ewald Kibler, Associate Professor, Aalto University School of Business, Finland February 12, 2025

What is entrepreneurship mentoring?

- Professional support and advice to enhance the professional and personal growth of entrepreneurs
- Can focus on a specific challenge/issue or the overall development of the entrepreneur and their business
- Typically involves experienced entrepreneur as mentor, ranging from 1 month - 2 years
- Types of support:
 - Business-related support
 - Psychological support
 - Career-related support
 - Role-model function



Impact of entrepreneurship mentoring

- ✓ Enhanced ability to identify and evaluate **entrepreneurial opportunities**
- ✓ Strengthened skills & competencies, incl. financial literacy and networking
- ✓ Higher **business survival rates**, e.g. through improved decision-making
- ✓ Better health & well-being, e.g. reduced stress and increased confidence
- Greater social & psychological benefits, such as personal growth, resilience, emotional support, and stronger social connections

HOWEVER, identifying and addressing *unique needs* are crucial for providing relevant support, especially to vulnerable entrepreneurs.

Digital tools for entrepreneurship mentoring

Matchmaking:

Database of mentor & mentee profiles *Interacting:*

Channel for mentor-mentee interactions *Monitoring:*

Monitoring mentoring progress & evaluation

Sharing:

Platform for information sharing

Networking:

Platform for networking, peer interaction & community engagement



Basic use of digital tools: Case example 1 Business Mentors Finland, Finland

Target beneficiaries Duration Digital tools used



Early-stage (local) small business owners Flexible, based on agreement

Online application and initial matchmaking
 Virtual mentor-mentee meetings (optional)

Main focus is, however, on localized (in-person) mentoring/monitoring through strong partnerships with regional actors (e.g. local entrepreneurs, companies, regional development agencies)

Advanced use of digital tools: Case example 2 National Entrepreneurship Mentoring Programme, Hungary

Target beneficiaries Duration Digital tools used



MSMEs run by specific target groups (incl. youth) 6-12 months

- Online application & pre-mentoring survey (incl. inventory to assess their entrepreneurial and personal skills)
- Online platform with mentor profiles (for selfmatching)
- Virtual mentor-mentee meetings (optional)
- GrowthWheel online monitoring & evaluation tool accessible to mentee, mentor, and supervisor

Advanced use of digital tools: Case example 3 *nlgroeit, Netherlands*

Target beneficiaries

Duration

Digital tools used



Scale up entrepreneurs with an annual turnover between EUR 1-100 million

Flexible, based on agreement

- Online community platform for peer & mentor support
- Virtual mentor-mentee meetings (optional)
- Growth test: online evaluation tool to provide quick feedback on which entrepreneurial skills are needed to improved

Considerations for digital entrepreneurship mentoring

ADVANTAGES

- ✓ Enables wider geographical reach
- Provides greater flexibility for scheduling sessions
- Allows continuous access to a large database of information, peers, and mentors
- Facilitates direct access to information for monitoring mentoring progress
- Reduces costs by minimizing travel and venue expenses

DISADVANTAGES

- Depends on the digital skills of mentees and mentors
- Requires supportive infrastructure (e.g. strong internet connection)
- Reduces personal interaction, making it more challenging to create a sense of (local) community

Guideline for mentoring and support programs

Account for diversity of target beneficiaries and mentors (e.g. level of digital skills, available infrastructure)



Provide digital skills training to help navigate digital tools effectively



Integrate digital tools with **in-person activities** (e.g. networking, additional business support)



Regularly assess and adapt digital tools to **ensure effectiveness of mentoring** and user-friendliness



Integrate a "**pay-it-forward**" system (i.e., mentees later becoming mentors) and include clear "**exit/divorce**" options in mentor agreement



Thank you! aalto.fi





What is the Youth Entrepreneurship Week?

The Youth Entrepreneurship Week empowers young people to see their future as being full of opportunities and possibilities!

Over the course of 3 ½ days, young people work together in teams on their **own ideas and projects for a better future**. The starting point are always issues from the young people's environment which they want to solve. Participants explore the concept of entrepreneurship and consider how they can become active themselves.



A strong partnership

The Youth Entrepreneurship Week is strategically embedded and a measure of the **Austrian National Action Plan for Entrepreneurship Education**.

The initiative is a cooperation between the Federal Ministry of Labor and Economy, the Federal Ministry of Education, Science and Research, the Austrian Federal Chamber of Commerce, Austrian Startups and IFTE. Local, regional and nationwide cooperation partners are being included for the scaling and implementation of further Youth Entrepreneurship Weeks.



 Bundesministerium Bildung, Wissenschaft und Forschung





How does a Youth Entrepreneurship Week work?

Key elements for the realization of a Youth Entrepreneurship Week

A Youth Entrepreneurship Week follows a tried and tested concept that guarantees quality and the desired content. This includes:

- 20 to 50 young people between the ages of 14 and 19 can participate.
- Every Youth Entrepreneurship Week is led by **two certified trainers** from the pool of trainers at IFTE and AustrianStartups.
- The Youth Entrepreneurship Week takes place at an **external host** (e.g. co-working space, innovation center, partner company) if possible.
- The Youth Entrepreneurship Week lasts **3 ½ days** and ends with a **final presentation** of the developed ideas to an external jury.
- The Youth Entrepreneurship Week is implemented in cooperation with young entrepreneurs, established entrepreneurs and **experts from the ecosystem**. They support the young people as sparring partners during the week.

Overview of the program

	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4
Session 1 09.00 – 10.30	Welcome & Problem Definition	Start with "Why"	Business model incl. revenue model	Closing
Session 2 11.00 – 12.30	Idea Generation	Testing hypotheses & giving feedback		Final pitch in front of jury followed by award ceremony
Session 3 13.30 – 15.00	Market Research	Prototyping with Mentors	Storytelling & Pitching	
Session 4 15.30 – 17.00	Feedback & Simplification of the Idea		Working Session & Test Pitch	
Aim of the Day	Finding your own idea for solving a problem.	Create a prototype for the idea and learn how to deal with feedback.	Develop a business model including a revenue model.	Presenting your own idea to a jury.

A network from Vorarlberg to Vienna

Since the start in September 2020 until today ...

- 350 Youth Entrepreneurship Weeks have taken place throughout Austria
- 12,300 young people participated in that weeks
- 8 Youth Entrepreneurship Weeks Advanced have been organised

The successful organization of the Youth Entrepreneurship Weeks is only possible thanks to a strong network that is committed to education and the creators of tomorrow.

The Youth Entrepreneurship Week network now comprises:

- 140 educational organizations
- 120 external hosts
- 280 trainers
- 2,300 sparring partners
- 300 teachers

Impact scientifically confirmed!

• The Youth Entrepreneurship Week has a short-term impact





... and also a long-term effect!



.



Our experience so far

- Young people are encouraged and see themselves as active participants in our society.
- The Youth Entrepreneurship Week is a **low-threshold program** and brings the subject of entrepreneurship to many new schools. The format opens doors and accelerates the entrepreneurship journey of young people.
- Ideal **networking opportunity** between young people, educational organizations and the entrepreneurship ecosystem.
- **Trainers and sparring partners** are very enthusiastic and play a key role in supporting the initiative.
- Educational organizations are proud of their young people and are delighted with the format.

Contact Details

Would you like to support us or would you like more information? Then simply get in touch with us!



Valentin Mayerhofer valentin.mayerhofer@ifte.at +43 676 4322748



YES! to the Leverage of NEETs' Skills: Lessons Learnt Through the Outreach and Implementation Methodology of YES! and the Way Forward

A Greek Case Study **YEPA WORSKHOP 5**

Entrepreneurship Skills and Mindsets

Norway grants



Iceland Liechtenstein **Norway** grants

Scaling trust-based partnership models to recharge youth entrepreneurship: Supporting underserved communities with innovative entrepreneurship support instruments (TPM-RYE)

Active Youth EEA and Norway Grants Fund for Youth Employment



-₽₩-Norway grants

"YES! Project"







https://youngentrepreneurssucceed.com/

Objectives of the project

access to the labor market or facilitate their entrepreneurship.

2. To gather evidence and improve results & social impact of the model.

3. To **mobilize** stakeholders and advocate for additional support for **model scaling**.

Project duration (2018-23): 42 +18 months Budget: **3,3** M€



- 1. To pilot the Trust-based Partnership Model (TbPM) and provide direct services to **NEETs** aged 18-29 y.o. in the country partners (Greece, Italy, Poland, Spain) to enable their



TPM-RYE partners





1. Agricultural University of Athens-Research Committee / Greece (LP)

2. Development Agency of Karditsa S.A / AN.KA. S.A., Greece (IP)

3. Foundation Technology Incubator (YBP) / Poland (IP)

4. Microfinanza S.R.L. / Italy (IP)

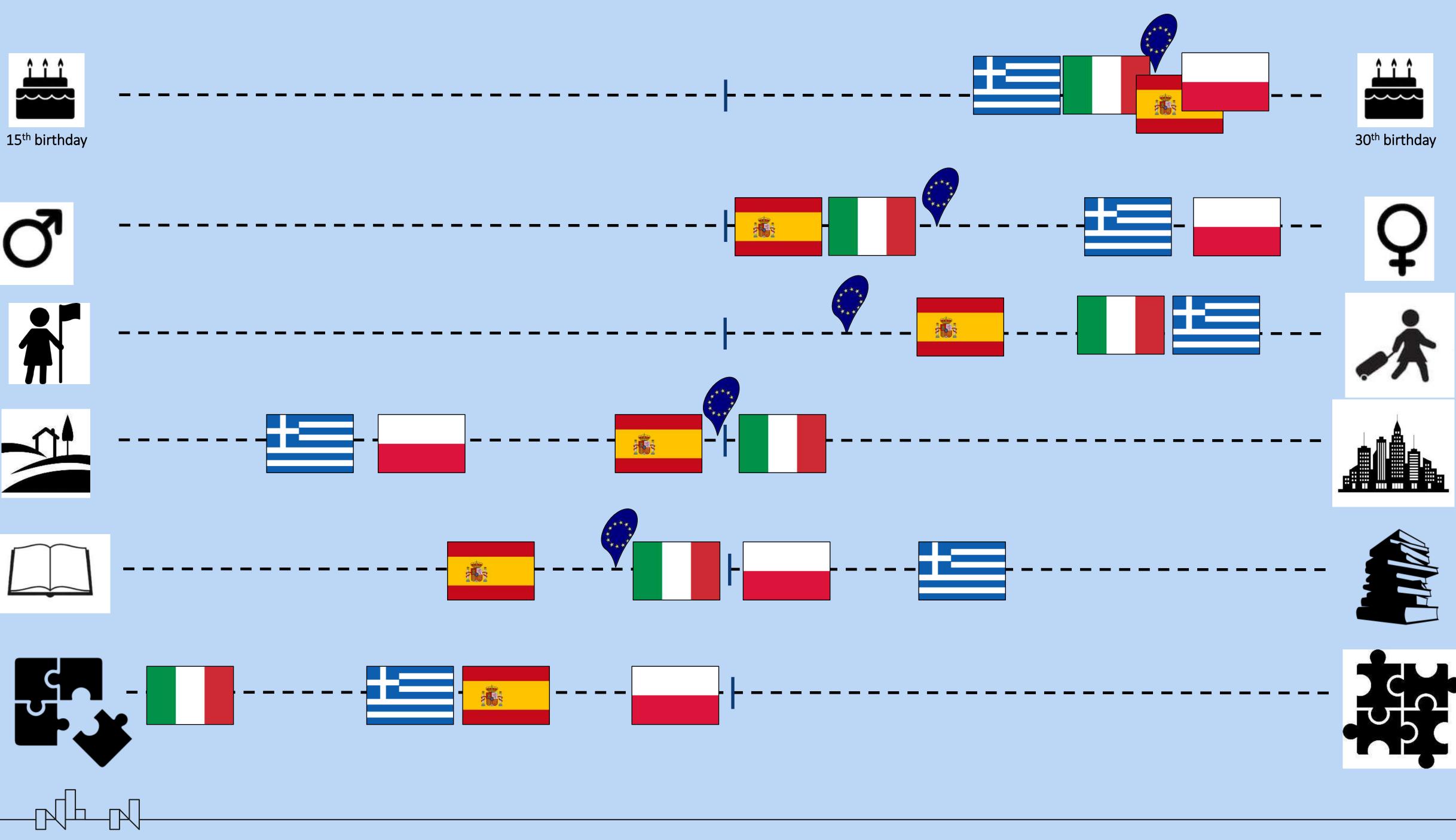
5. Autoocupació / Spain (IP)

6. Munich Business School / Germany (ExP)

7. Kiz Sinnova. Company for Social Innovation

gGmbH / Germany (ExP) 8. Youth Business International (YBI) / United Kingdom (ExP)

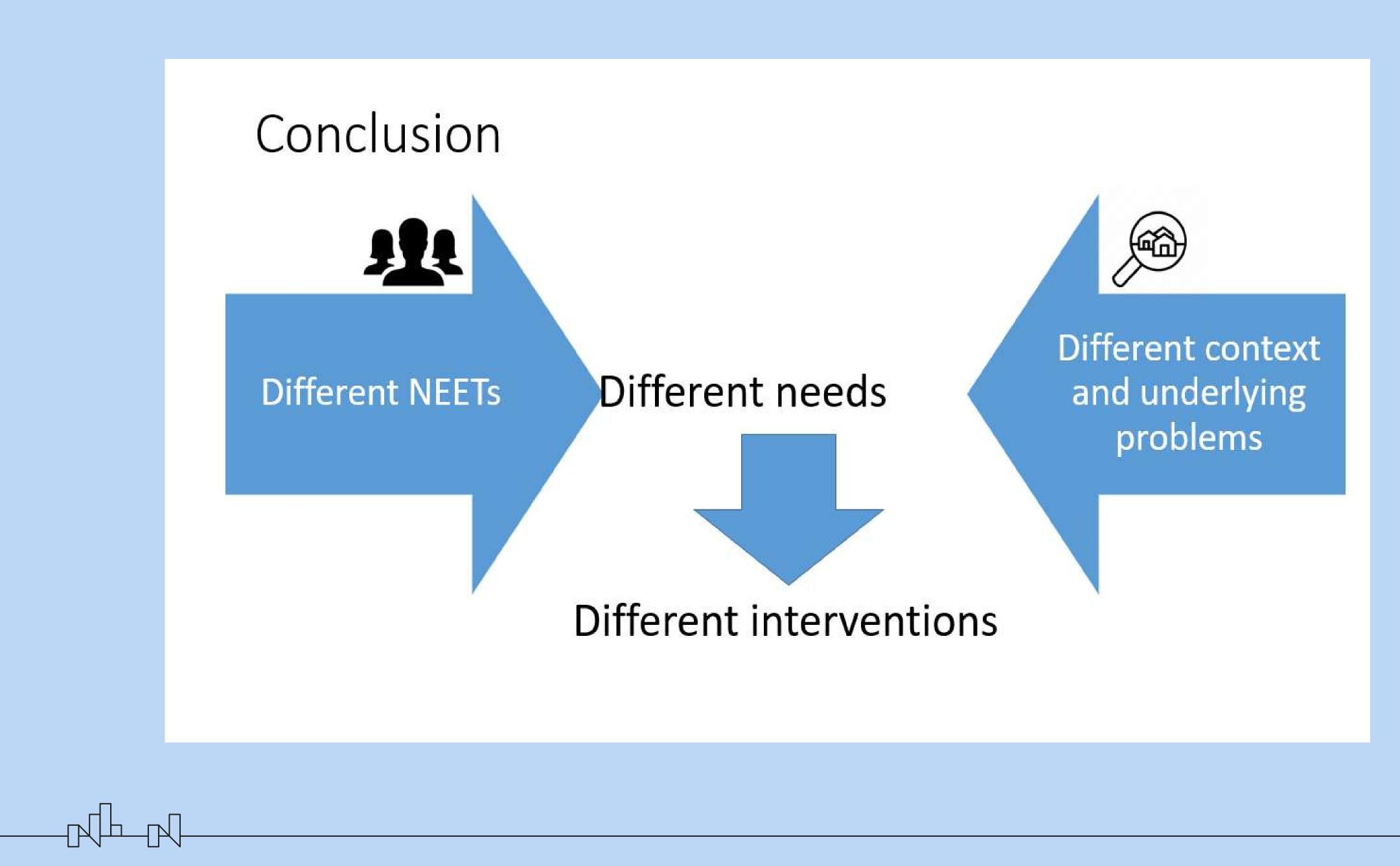










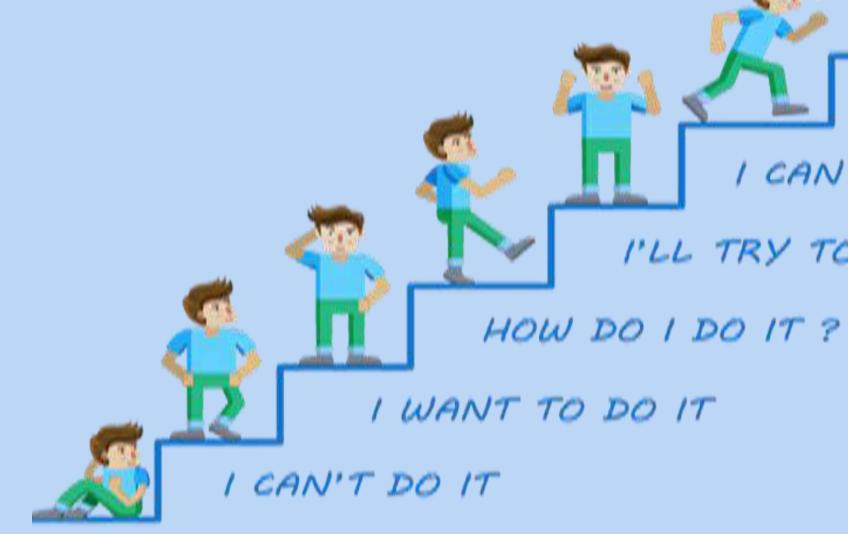




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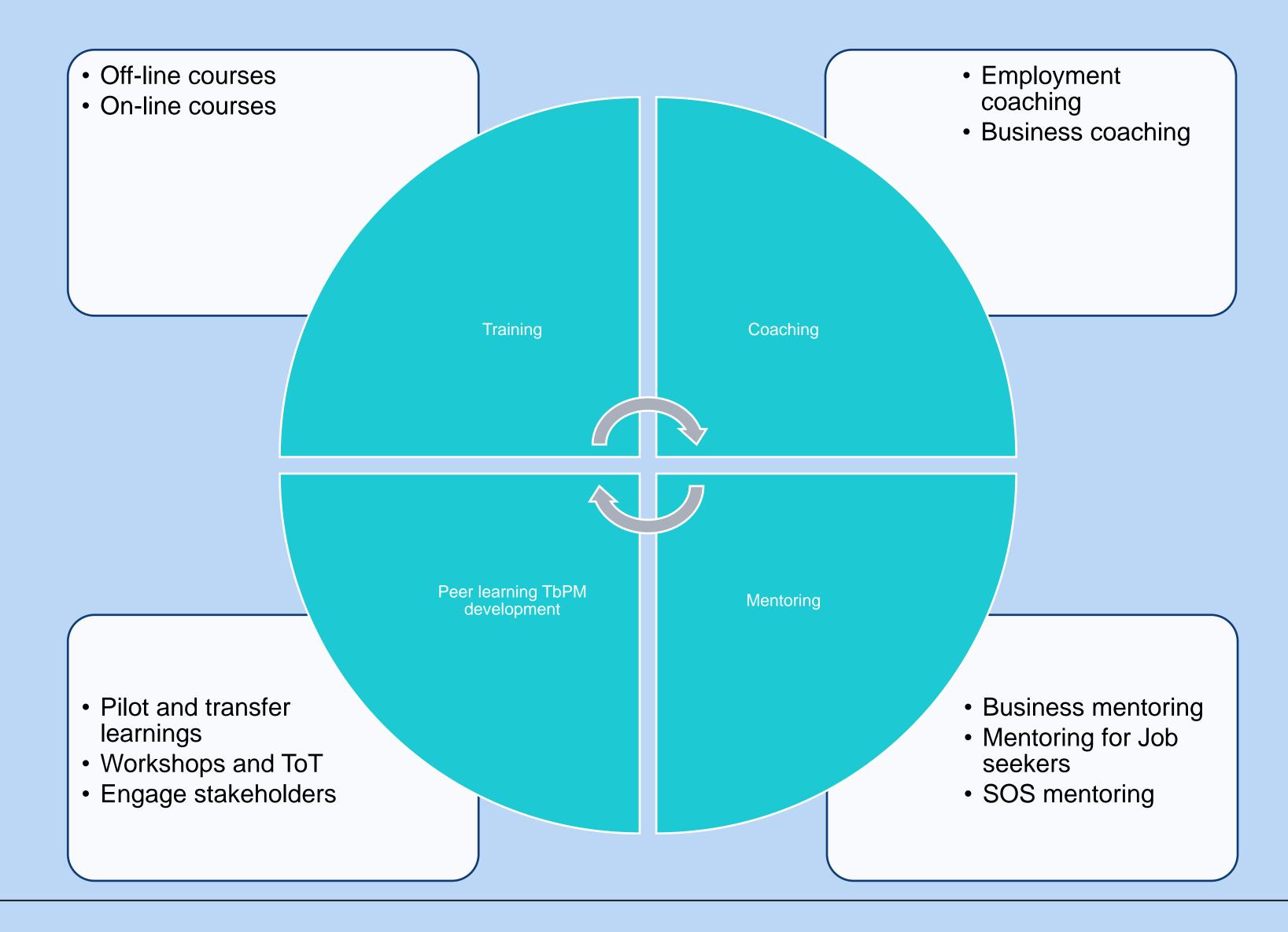
NEETs at different stages (also Organizations are often in different stages ③)





I'LL TRY TO DO IT

Implementation activities



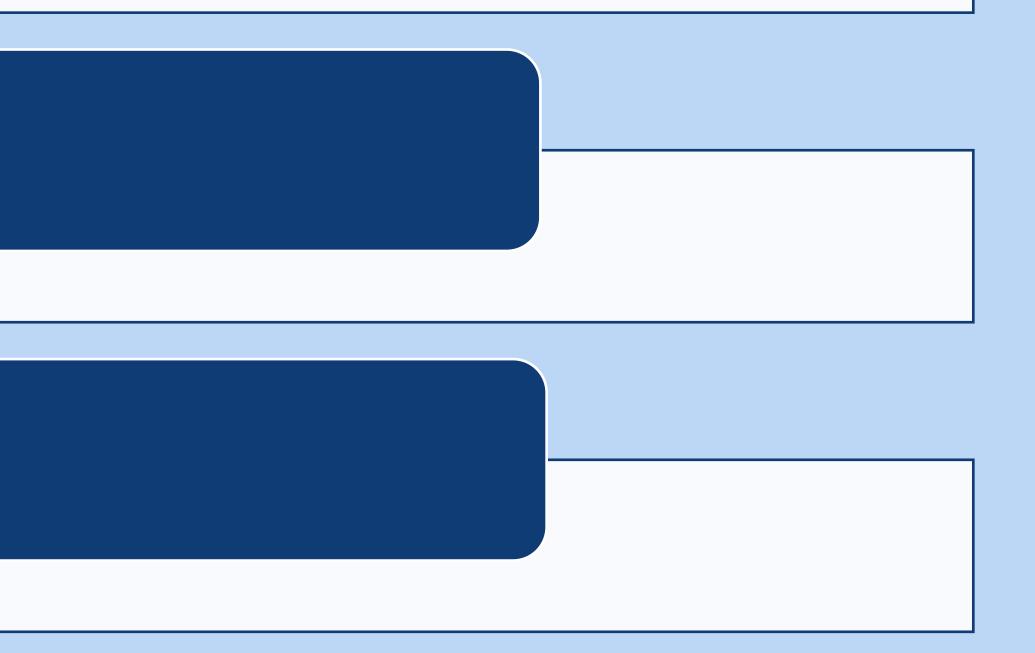
Three (3) Main Types of Interventions

Training on several topics

Coaching

Mentoring







1st type of Intervention: Training (which rather focuses on hard skills development)

- Both **online** and **offline** training courses of 50 hours each.
- prisoners.

Overview of the training courses content

- HTML/CSS), Digital Marketing, Touristic Marketing, Video and Board Gaming.
- \checkmark Integration (the latter to NEETs with a refugee profile), Barista, Woodcrafts.



In the aftermath of COVID-19, approach towards more offline meetings, targeting mostly low-skilled NEETs and ex officio vulnerable groups such as members of the ROMA population, persons with a refugee/migrant background, homeless persons, persons in the rehabilitation process,

 \checkmark Online Training courses on digital skills and programming languages (e.g. Python, Javascript, Offline Training courses on Make-up, Coiffure, Winery, Social Economy and Entrepreneurship, Social

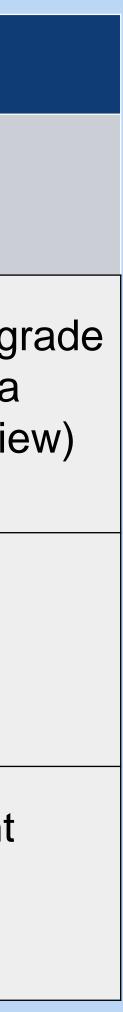
2nd type of Intervention: Coaching (which targets both hard and soft skills)

AVA	

Title	Target-group	Number of hourly sessions	Content
Employment coaching services	Employment seekers	4-7	Development of personal employment plan/ Upgr of the personal marketing (CV, Social media accounts & Role Play/Simulation of Job Intervie
Business model coaching services	Future entrepreneurs (initial business idea)	4-6	Development of Business Model
Access to Finance coaching services	Future entrepreneurs (completed business plan)	4-6	Assessment and upgrade of the investment readiness level



COACHING SERVICES



Coaching services (content, structure)

- 4 hours of basic coaching services per participant as a basic core package of services and • **Interview via role-plays** adjusted to the NEET's background and professional goal-setting.
- exercise, assigned as homeworks.





possibility of some 3 extra coaching sessions on CV, Social Media and Preparation for a Job

As of March 2021 YES! coaching service became accessible to **NEETs with a refugee profile**. For this purpose, coaching tools, with the use of the Neuro-linguistic Programming (NLP) method, adjusted to this specific target group, were developed, such as the vision board and the gratitude

3rd type of Intervention : Mentoring (which targets both hard and soft skills)

THE "CHALLENGE"

- (e.g. an open-source mentors' registry).
- mentoring scheme.



• A stronger mentoring culture countrywide has started being developed only in the recent years. It seems that mentoring trainings should be conducted on a systematic basis so that mentors do not lose their level of interest. Points which could serve as incentives for someone to join as mentor the mentoring scheme: the joy of offer, networking with other like-minded people (e.g. LinkedIn mentors' groups), visibility

In November 2021, the first offline meeting with members of the Greek Forum of Refugees (GFR) was held in Athens along with the respective mentoring training workshop for refugees interested to join our

ANKA's outreach strategy for the establishment of a strong TBPM that could enable access to YES! Services by vulnerable social groups (e.g. refugees, migrants, homeless persons, ROMA, prisoners, persons in the rehabilitation process)

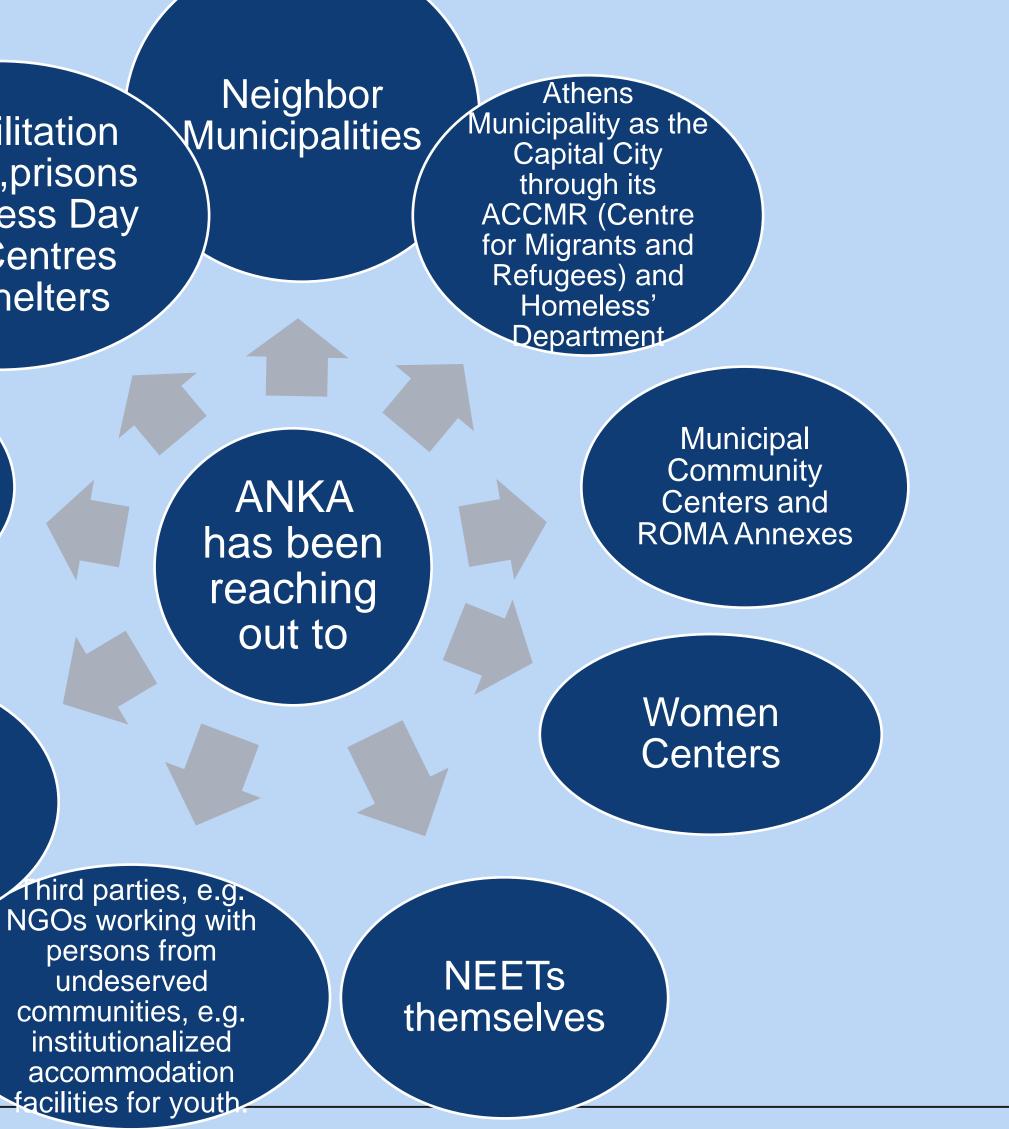
> Rehabilitation Centres, prisons , Homeless Day Care Centres and Shelters

Which stakeholders have been approached?

Karditsa ecosystem of local stakeholders

> Greek (National) Fora of Refugees and Migrants

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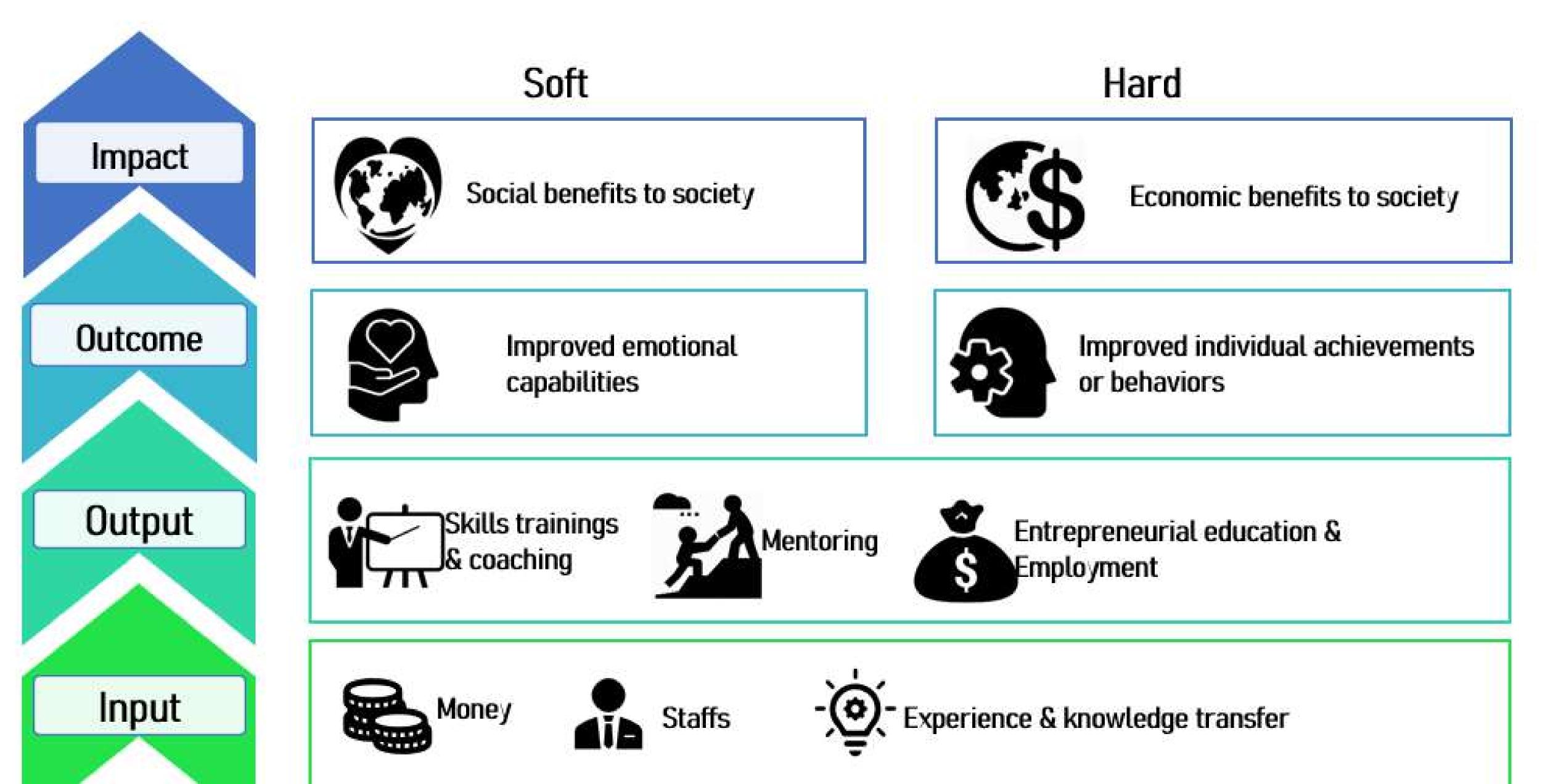


The updated total numbers - Outputs

Activity	Status	Spain	Italy	Greece	Poland	Total
Training	Started	623	901	1163	422	3109
	Finished	568	901	866	309	2644
Coaching	Started	617	332	130	80	1159
	Finished	581	302	98	63	1044
Mentoring	Started	165	131	123	89	508
	Finished	135	101	17	66	319

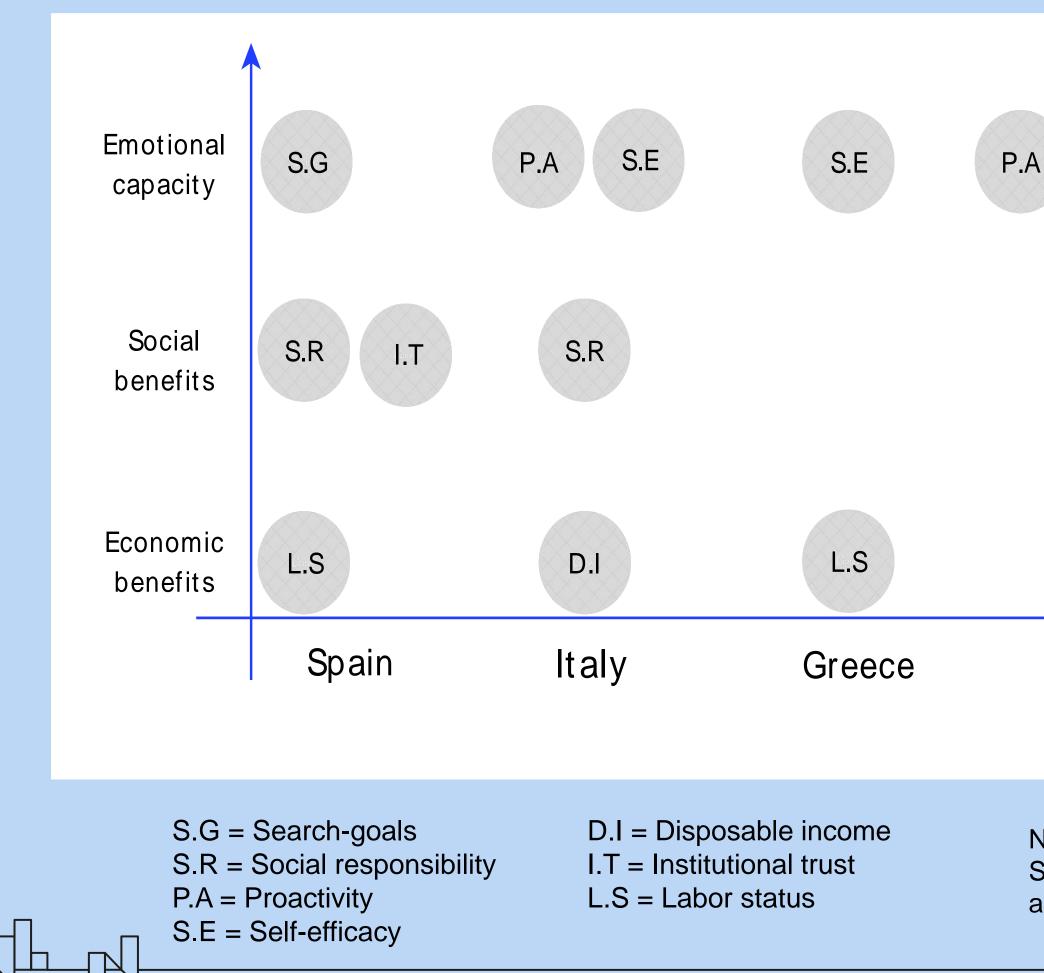
Outcomes \rightarrow 607 Jobs created \rightarrow PL 110, IT 76, SP 194, GR 227 \rightarrow 825 in Active job searching (or returned to schools/studies) → PL 18, IT 332, SP 291, GR 184 \rightarrow 372 in the process of starting their own business → PL 10, IT 131, SP 165, GR 66 \rightarrow in total **1804 out of 2644** (two out of three – 68.23%)

What is our theory of change?

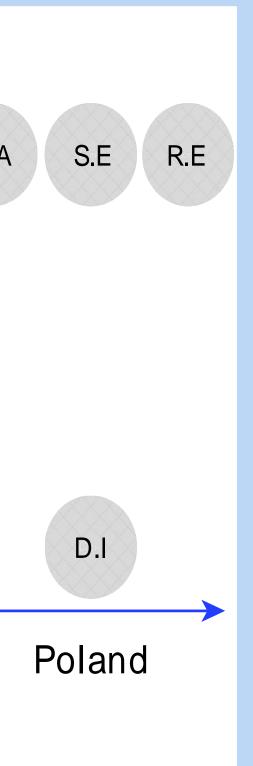




Results and country examples



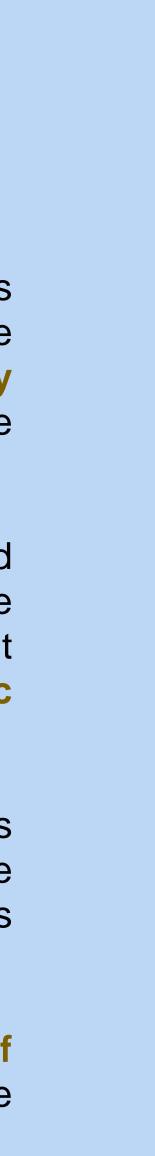
Graph showing significant contributions of variables across countries



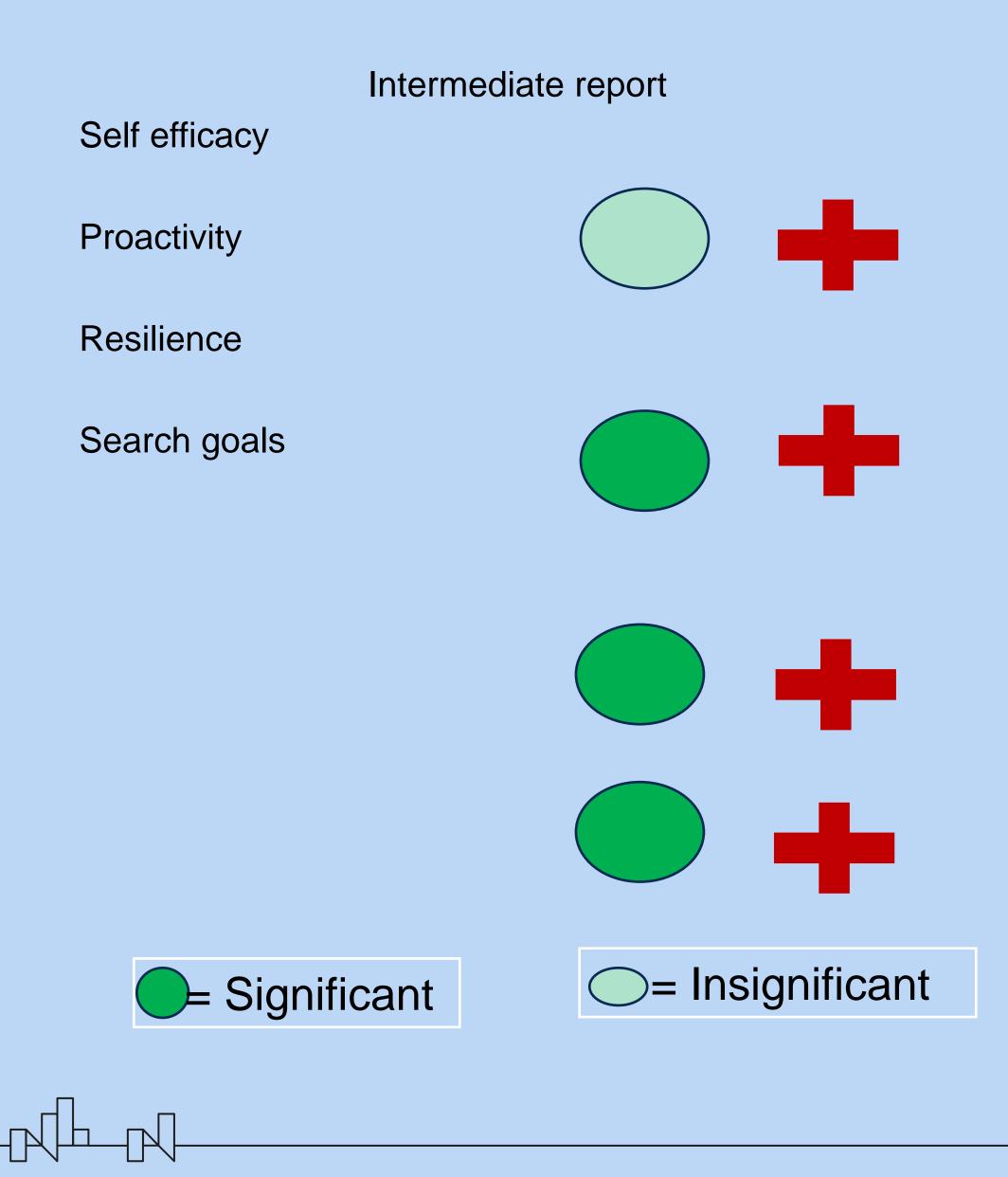
N:B Sample sizes varies across country

Take-aways

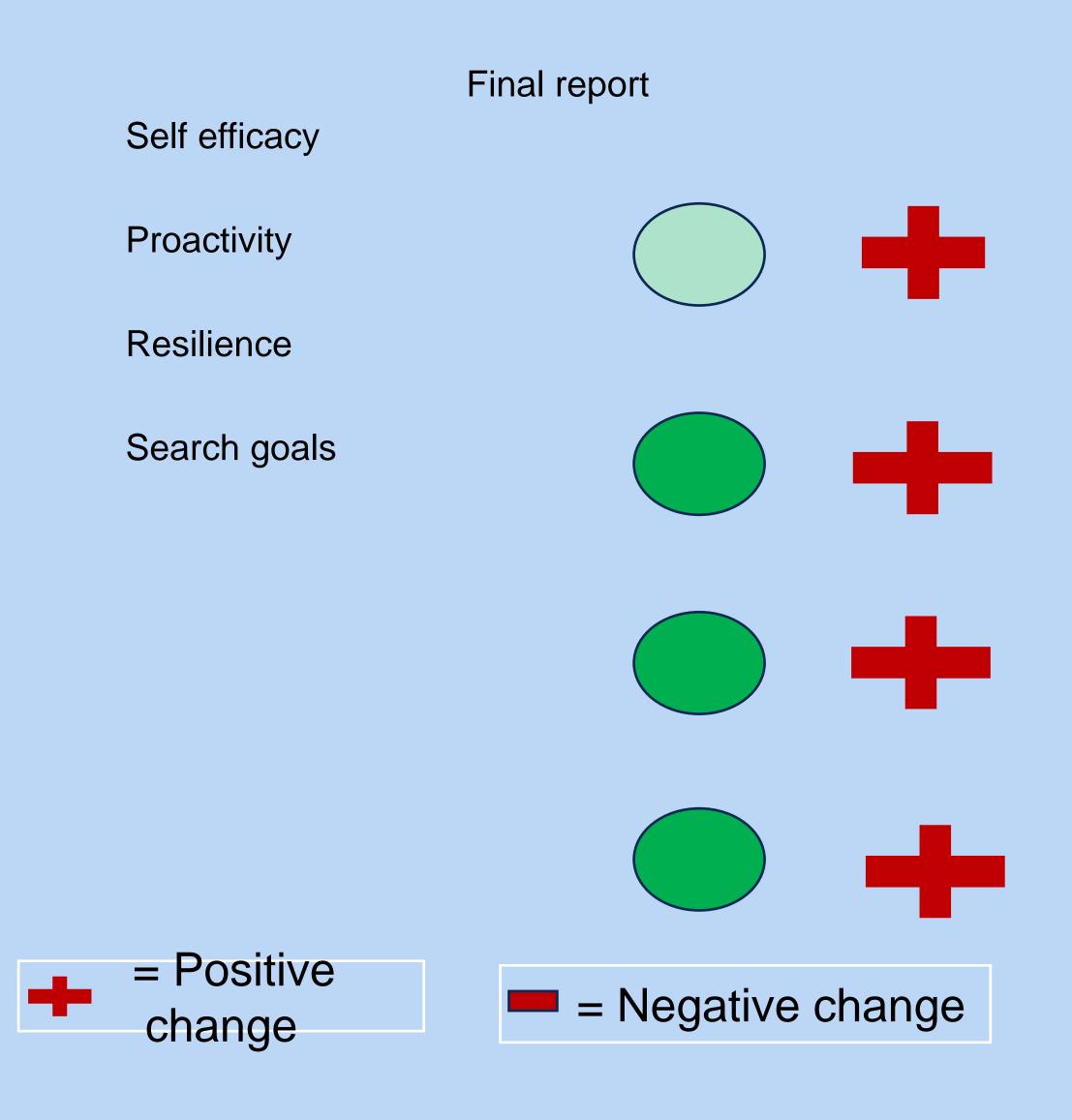
- interventions the general, In \bullet statistically contributed the to development of emotional capacity of the NEETs who benefited from the interventions.
- Training as well as coaching and \bullet mentoring can help NEETs navigate the labor market through employment or entrepreneurship. The holistic approach is efficient.
- Working NEETs with requires • commitment the from both coaches/mentors the NEETs and themselves.
- develop loss NEETs can Of enthusiasm in mentoring when the duration becomes too long.



Overall results: soft outcome

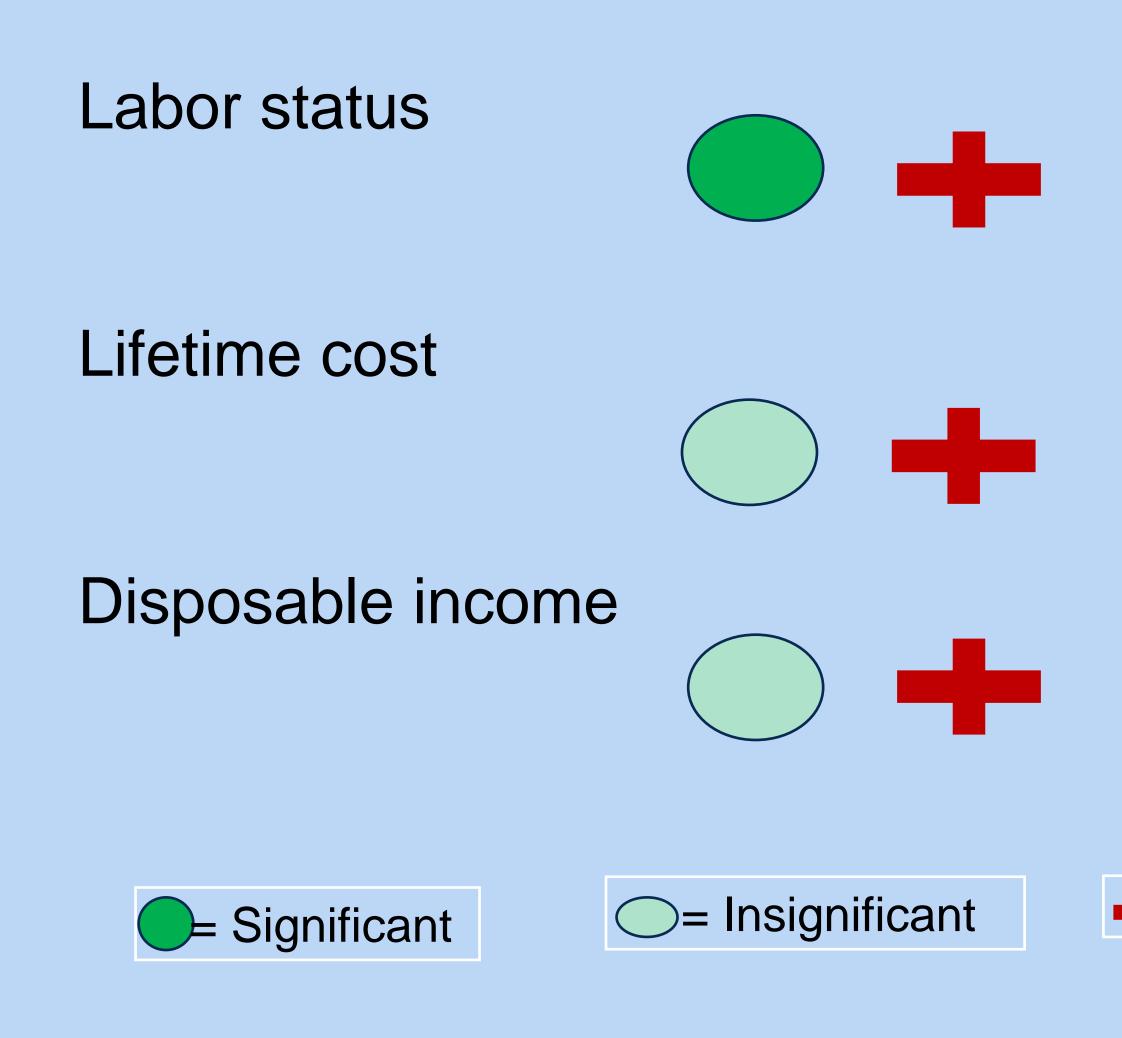




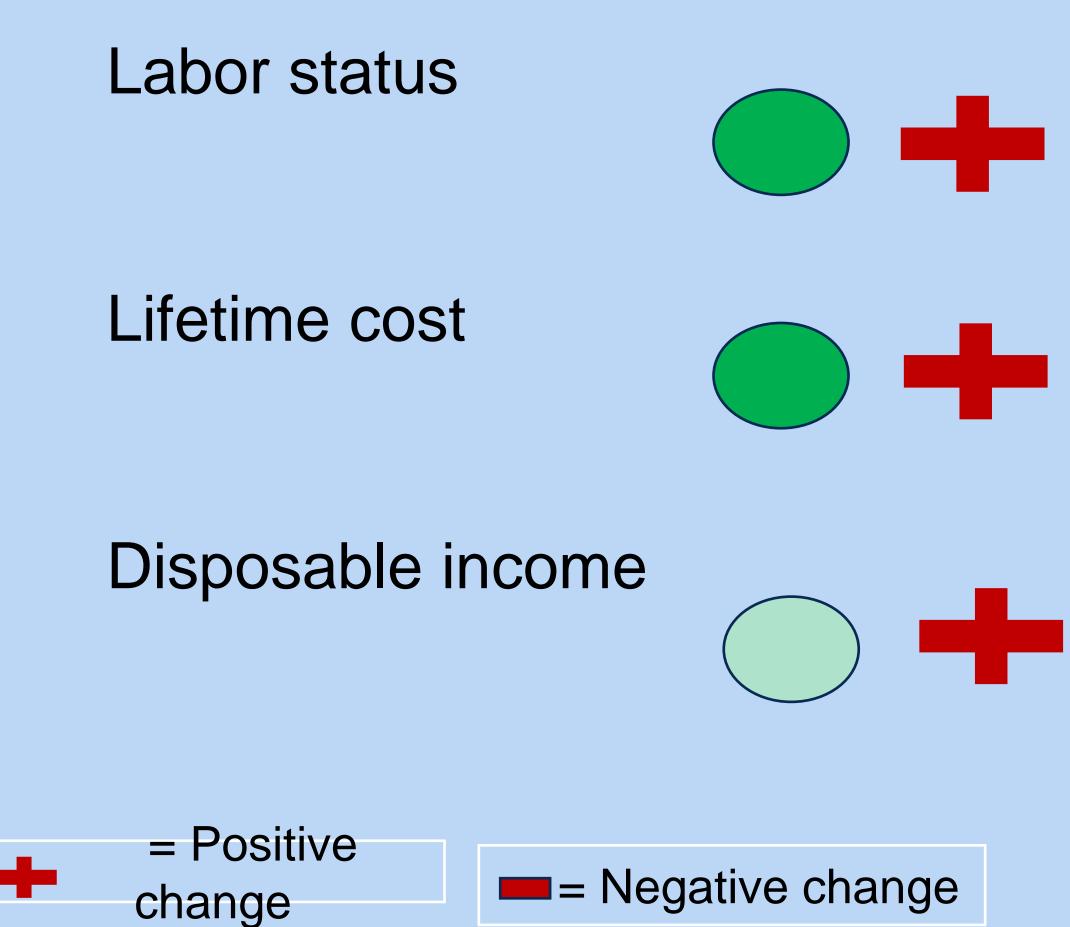


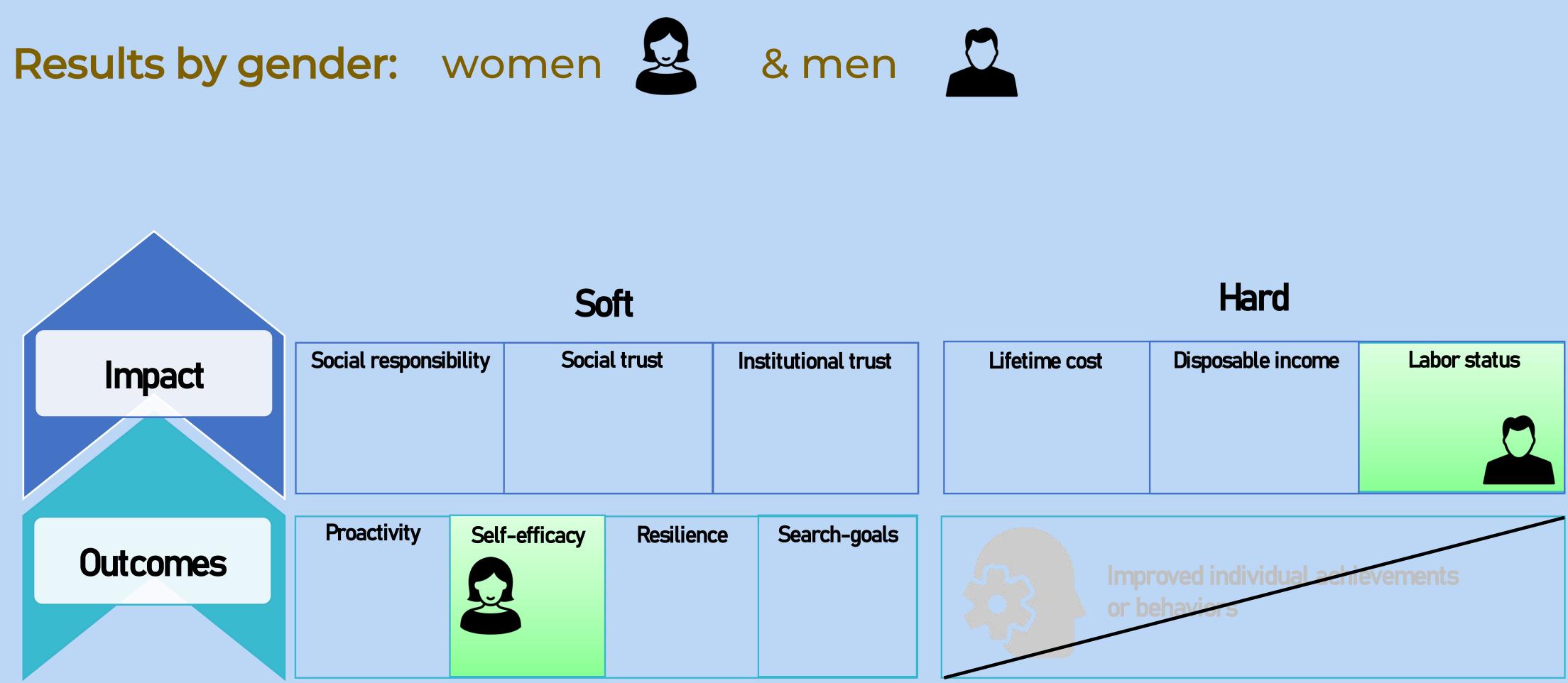
Overall results: hard impact

Intermediate report



Final report

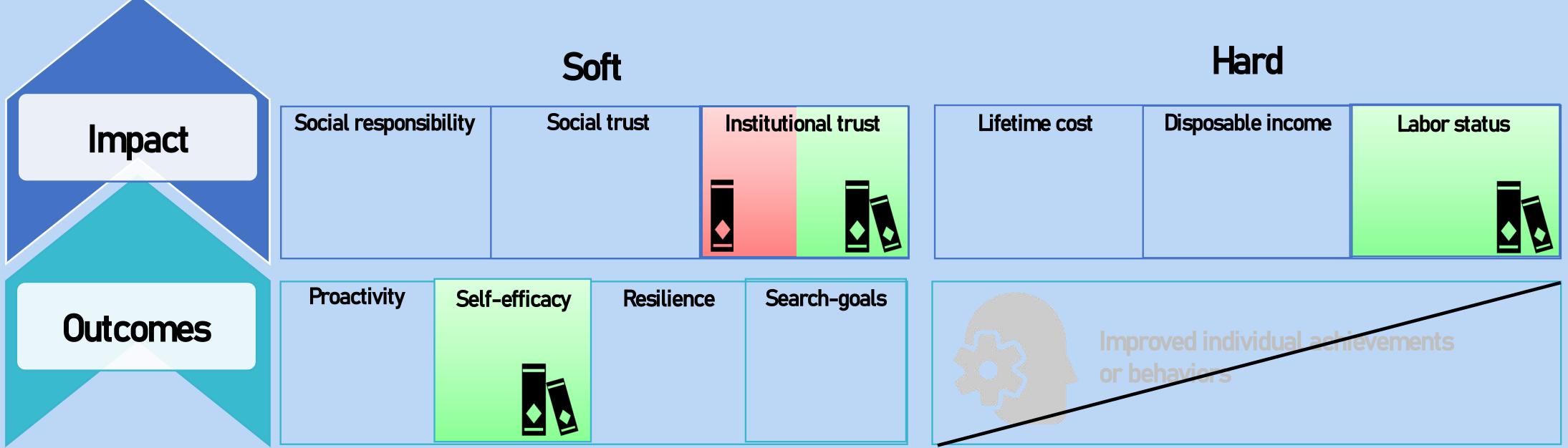




The colored rectangles indicate for which variables the pre/post differences found were significant

= negative change = positive change

Results by education: with & without university degree



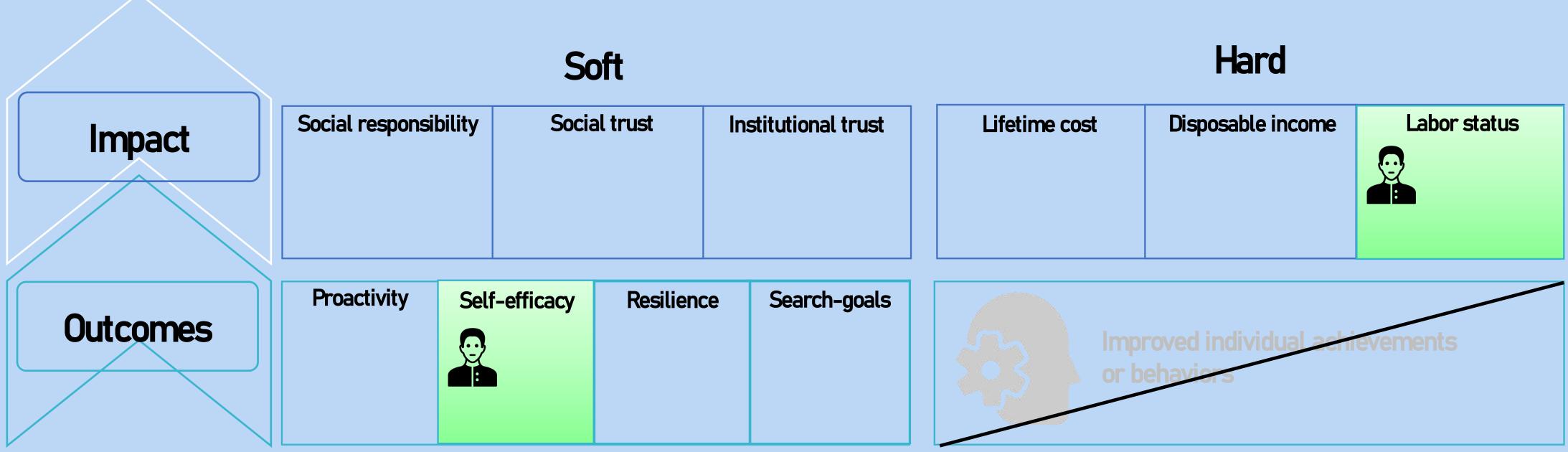
The colored rectangles indicate for which variables the pre/post differences found were significant



= negative change = positive change



Results by age: less than 24



The colored rectangles indicate for which variables the pre/post differences found were significant



= negative change = positive change

Sustainability and exploitation in the post-funding period

KYPEA, operated by AN.KA S.A. emerged as a **spin-off of YES! Project**. This specialized center promotes entrepreneurship among unemployed and vulnerable groups in Karditsa municipality, receiving funding from the European Social Fund (ESF+) through Thessaly Regional Program 2021-2027. The center represents an evolution in local entrepreneurship support, building upon YES's foundation while expanding its scope to provide comprehensive business development services, psychological support, and social integration programs.

Ready4Work, an ESF+/SI+ funded ongoing Project, represents the mainstreaming of a proven SI initiative that evolved from AN.KA S.A.'s experience with YES! project. Building upon YES!'s successful implementation of mentoring methodology, Ready4Work adapts this proven approach to focus specifically on vulnerable youth employment. The project aims to establish voluntary mentoring as an impactful learning tool, supporting vulnerable young people's transition into employment, whether from education or inactivity, while enhancing their employability and quality of life. This evolution demonstrates how YES!'s successful methodologies are being adapted and expanded to address specific social needs in new contexts.



Summary-Lessons learned

- Several positive effects on soft outcomes (emotional capabilities) and hard impact (economic benefits)
- Increase in self-efficacy and positive change in labor status are significant for the overall sample.
- Especially beneficial effects on people with a university degree, people between 25-29 years old
- Few negative effects on soft impact (social benefits to society): Decrease in institutional trust, only for people without a university degree.

It's not always about numbers!

Organizations develop a culture of measuring success

- \rightarrow Monitor, improve, learn from success and failures

>Learn how to learn

- > Actively engage in public dialogue (on youth employment phenomena)
- >Actively contribute to policy co-design/co-creation & co-delivery

 \rightarrow Focus on appropriate systems: relevance, effectiveness, sustainability and cost-efficiency \rightarrow Apply a holistic approach when possible (not just through one type of intervention but more).

 \rightarrow Outreach, target groups' profiles, pilot, then mainstream and share learnings and experience

Visibility of YES! across a wider audience of stakeholders

YES! Project has been selected by the SHARE Network and SPRING Project, which debates social inclusion and integration, to feature on its catalogue of good practices projects so as to inspire stakeholders and practitioners to duplicate its services in accessing the labor market and entrepreneurship. YES! Project has been presented before Eurocities Network consisting of European

Municipalities actively involved in the social integration and inclusion of refugees.

YES! has been launching success stories with NEETs from participant countries.

It's always about youth !



vull omplir el món de colors!







Thank you for your attention!



«DEVELOPMENT AGENCY OF KARDITSA S.A» (AN.KA. S.A.)

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Workshop #5 - OECD-EU Youth Entrepreneurship Policy Academy (YEPA)

Fostering entrepreneurship skills and mindsets among youth

by Aymeric Marmorat

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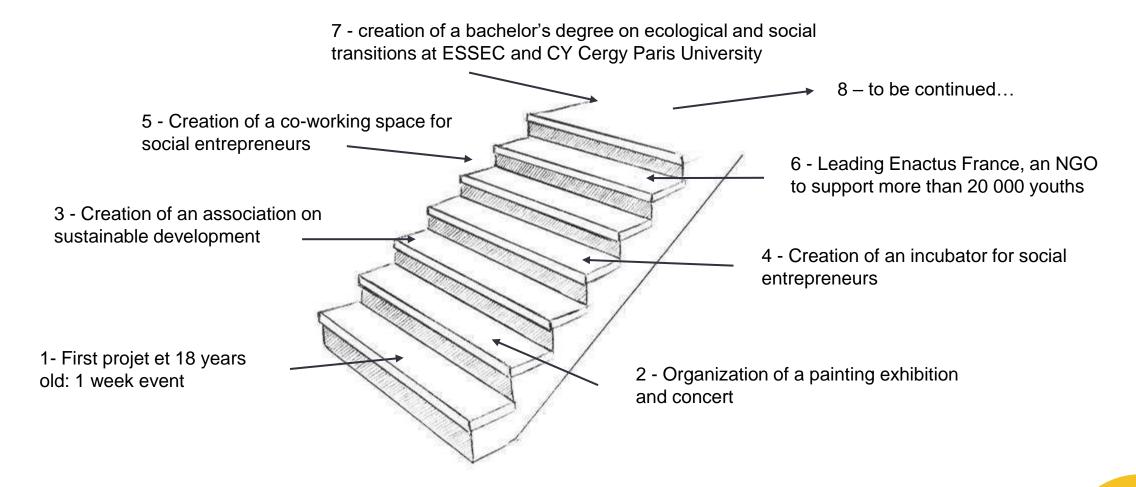
Entrepreneurial skills and mindset



Entrepreneurship is the ability to turn an idea into action

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My Entrepreneurial journey



The entrepreneurial journey is like a staircase, each project is a step towards the next.

Learning through experience

Entrepreneurship is like riding a bike, it is learned through experience, not just theory. Testing, failing, bouncing is part of the process.



1. From desire to idea – Awareness



The power of role models



Organizing bootcamp to learn by doing



Integrating projects experience into the school curriculum

2. From Idea to Project – Pre-Incubation



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3. From Project to Creation – Incubation







Support people, not just projects

The myth of the business plan

Encourage peer learning

To conclude



Inspire youth and spark their desire to act

Support youth in turning an idea into a project

Create an environment that fosters experimentation

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